THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXVIII. ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1914 NO 9

PLACE GUARDS AT ZION CITY

State Board of Health Takes Charge of the Smallpox Cases There

NEW CASES ARE REPORTED

Guards Will Maintain a Strict Quarantine to See That Instructions of the State Officials are Carried Out

Two automobiles were used to carry the smallpox investigation party into Zion City Monday afternoon. In the first car, which arrived there at 1:30 o'clock were Mayor Bidinger, Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, secretary of the Illinois State Board of Health; Dr. Crawford, P. H. Cooney of the state board and Thos. Hogan attorney for the board. In the second car which arrived a few moments were with others Dr. Foley, Commissioner Atterbery and Assistant Chief Tyrrell.

When they arrived at Zion they were met near the police station by Dr. LaRose and an officer.

Dr. Crawford and the other held a short confab with the Zion physician and then the officer was taken in the first car and told to show the party the location of the different cases.

The first house visited was one in which a family named White reside at 2717 Elizabeth avenue. There the red small pox sign was found on the front and a woman holding a baby in her arms was seated on the front porch. Dr. Crawford left the car and interrogated the woman on the manner in which the quarantine was being kept. Those in the house who are suppose to have the disease came to the windows and waved their hands at the party in front. One woman was seen leaving the back of the house and she was at once stopped and questioned by Dr. Crawford. Ascertaining that she was not going to leave the house the party went on to the next place.

"We are going to put a stop to this harboring of the disease in all parts of the city," said Thos. Hogan.

"The people here will have to obey the laws with regard to this quarantine as much as they are expected to elsewhere, and after we have finis investigation we will have some further statements to make."

At 11:54 Monday morning G. St. Clair Drake, Medical Secretary to the Illinois State Board of Health, and Governor Dunne's private atterney arrived over the Chicago & Northwestern and went at once to Zion City, accompanied by Mayor Bidinger, Dr. Foley and Commissioner Atterbery.

This action was taken in response to the following telegram sent to the governor by the mayor of Waukegan:

Hon. Edward F. Dunne:

Situation in Zion City relative to the small pox alarming. Many cases developing daily. State Board regulations not vigorous nor satisfying. State Inspector Crawford reported 11 cases two weeks ago, now said to be 70 cases. Needs several inspectors to remain there and fight spread. Our county and state need immediate protection, particularly our city. Waukegan only six miles away. Visited by hundreds of Zionits daily. Will you wire me at once what action you will take in the matter?

Signed Julius F. Bidinger,
Mayor of Waukegan.

Yesterday the mayor received the following reply from the governor's office:

Mayor Bidinger, Waukegan:

Have just conferred with Dr. Drake, Sec. Board of Health. He will be in Zion City at nine o'clock Monday a. m. prepared to examine personally conditions and to enforce rigid quarantine. You should by proclamation, advise universal vacination in Waukegan. Dr. Drake, after investigation at Zion, will stop in Waukegan for consultation with you.

Signed Gov. Dunne.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 1.

Carl Atterbery, Waukegan, Ill.

Prior to receipt of your wire, I had made arrangements to inspect situation at Zion City Monday morning. State Board will not only insist but will know that strict quarantine is enforced, employ all necessary forces to that end. Will call on you at Waukegan after inspection and hope you will be able to give us facts regarding quarantine violations. Vaccination of Waukegan citizens is their absolute protection. Why not urge it?

C. St. Clair Drake,
Med. Sec'y State Board of Health.

The conditions that exist in Zion City in regard to the smallpox epidemic are far worse than reported to them by the officials of Waukegan was the assertion of the state board of health officials who paid a visit to that city Monday and they went over the situation thoroughly. As a result of their visit they announced that beginning with Tuesday morning they would have a number of their men on the ground in Zion City to see that the quarantine is maintained strictle.

ANTIOCH ELECTION RETURNS

Antioch Goes Democratic of the Head of the Ticket---A Very Light Vote Cast in the Town of Antioch and Sullivan Wins Out in Both Precincts

Tuesdays election was a very quiet affair, in fact one would scarcely have guessed that an election was in progress. Only 284 votes were cast and little or no enthusiasm was manifest at any time throughout the day. In the first precinct 170 votes were cast and in the second 114. Comparing these figures with the 888 votes cast at last springs election, it is readily seen how little interest was taken in this campaign.

When the returns were all in it was found that the Republicans carried the entire county, and every candidate on the Republican ticket was carried to victory.

Below we give a full table of the votes of the county.

	1st Pre.	2nd Pre.	Total
United States Senator			
Lawrence Y. Sherman R.	41	36	77
Roger C. Sullivan D.	64	39	103
Raymonp Robins P.	38	30	68
State Treasures			
Andrew Russell R.	76	59	115
W. C. Clifford D.	16	22	38
Louis G. Pavey P.	20	12	38
Supt. Public Instrction			
Francis G. Blair R.	71	58	129
Robert C. Moore D.	38	21	59
Mary M. Steagall P.	17	12	29
Clerk of Supreme Court			
Chas. W. Vail R.	73	48	121
Alex. W. Craford D.	39	23	62
Chas. S. Rowley P.	18	15	33
Congressmen at Large			
Burnett M. Chiperfield R.	69	44	113
J. McCan Davis R.	63	43	106
Wm Elza Williams D.	37	22	59
Thos. P. Sullivan D.	36	23	59
Geo. N. Keider P.	20	18	38
Harry L. Heer P.	20	16	36
Trustees, University Ill.			
Laura B Evans R.		46	
Albert P. Gout R.	64	46	110
John J. Montgomery R.	65	43	108
Robert R. Ward D.	36	21	57
Henry W. Hattman D.	33	20	53
Robert F. Carr D.	37	24	61
Mrs. Chandler Starr P.	20	16	36
Alfred Cowles P.	20	17	37
Summer S. Anderson P.	66	17	83
Clerk of Appelate Court, 2nd Distric			
Christoffer C Duffy R.	67	42	109
Louis I. Hutchins D.	36	19	55
Walter M. Hay P.	22	20	42
Rep. in Congress 10th District			
Geo Edmumd Foss R.	66	37	103
John F. Waters D.	49	30	79
Chas. M. Thomson P.	35	35	70
Reps. General Assembly 8th District			
Ed. D. Shurtleff R.	64	55	119
Jas. H. Vickers R.	87	41½	128½
Thos. E. Graham D.	207½	141	348½
Fayette S. Monro P.	100½	74½	175
County Judge			
Perry L. Persons R.	100	71	171
Hervey C Coulson D.	32	20	52
V. V. Barns P.	14	10	24
County Clerk			
Lew A Hendee R.	87	62	149
Robert C. Kent P.	29	19	48
Sheriff			
Elvin J. Griffin R.	81	46	127
Allan A McMillen D.	34	26	60
C. B. Dicks P.	42	33	75
County Treasurer			
Robert Lee McDonough R.	86	55	141
Albert G. Maeteer D.	31	23	54
T. M. Clark P.	25	20	45
County Superintendent			
T. Arthur Simpson R.	97	64	161
J. H. Harnly P.	26	15	41

Vote on Legislators

	Shurt'ff	Vick's	Grah'm	Munro
Lake	4466½	3726	6590	5551½
McHenry	6789	6597	2304	1916
Boone	3281½	3753	685	1279½
Totals	14537	14076	9579	8747

Percentage of Loss and Gains

By refering back to the files of Nov. 1912, or the last Presidential election, and comparing the figures given there in the figures of Tuesday's election, it is found that the Republican party has suffered a slight loss. The Progressives a heavy loss and the Democrats a consiederable gain in the township of Antioch. The figures as to standing are given below:

1912—Taft 32 per cent of the total vote
Wilson 19 per cent.
Roosevelt 49 per cent.
1914—Sherman for Senator 31 per cent.
Sullivan 41½ per cent.
Robbins 27½ per cent.
Repullican loss 1 per cent.
Progressive loss 21½ per cent.
Democratic gain 22½ per cent.

Changes Method of Locomotion.

Ever notice that the man who runs for an office generally rides in an automobile after he gets it?

Detailed Figures on Election in Lake County Tuesday, November 3, 1914

ELECTION PRECINCT	County Judge			Clerk		Sheriff			Treasurer			Supt.		Representatives				Congress			Senator		
	PERSONS R.	COULSON D.	BARNS P.	HENDEE R.	KENT P.	GRIFFIN R.	McMILALN D.	DICKS P.	McDONUGH R.	MAETHER D.	CLARK P.	SIMPSON R.	HARNLEY P.	SHURTLIFF R.	VICKERS R.	GRAHAM D.	MUNRO P.	FOSS R.	WATERS D.	THOMPSON P	SHERMAN R.	SULLIVAN D.	ROBINS P.
BENTON FIRST	33	6	9	42	11	33	2	19	32	3	16	42	13	47*	26*	6	60	26	2	23	22	7	22
BENTON SECOND	282	15	139	276	145	271	24	135	268	16	141	265	169	367	75	373	481*	257	9	170	264	17	157
BENTON THIRD	216	15	100	208	100	210	13	101	206	12	101	210	116	89*	45	334*	318	204	12	112	209	13	110
NEWPORT	79	24	9	80	12	63	36	13	74	21	13	74	16	99	77	112	49	72	22	17	65	24	20
ANTIOCH FIRST	100	37	14	87	29	81	34	42	86	31	50	97	26	84	87	207*	107	66	45	35	59	84	38
ANTIOCH SECOND	71	20	10	62	19	46	26	33	58	23	30	64	15	58	41	141	74*	37	30	35	36	39	30
GRANT	90	100	12	121	15	60	143	28	74	118	11	90	15	46*	126	524	46*	71	117	27	47	161	21
LAKE VILLA	87	11	60	60	81	33	9	141	48	11	86	75	73	69*	58	94	317*	48	15	100	45	26	92
AVON	164	113	12	196	24	89	248	8	149	120	24	144	67	165	182	433*	212*	123	13	29	102	29	33
WARREN	145	10	7	127	19	116	43	14	124	16	20	133	23	125*	85*	151*	137	214	26	44	196	55	46
WAUKEGAN FIRST	278	20	5	275	15	268	25	16	279	25	19	279	14	341*	296	176	68	151	22	34	140	34	31
WAUKEGAN SECOND	185	14	7	158	14	154	27	16	143	19	16	158	14	210	185*	105	111	203	47	56	168	80	69
WAUKEGAN THIRD	264	69	8	258	24	222	54	37	242	39	37	259	22	272*	231	250	191*	114	42	26	86	66	39
WAUKEGAN FOUTH	141	36	10	140	13	138	42	15	125	39	14	132	12	151	134*	193*	81	140	44	36	18	73	41
WAUKEGAN FIFTH	187	30	10	185	19	166	44	14	176	39	15	176	17	165	173	243	100*	85	42	19	69	59	30
WAUKEGAN SIXTH	94	46	7	95	15	88	43	16	87	41	14	88	13	105	96	183	63*	179	95	41	150	134	43
WAUEKGAN SEVENTH	204	88	19	206	30	188	105	31	192	94	26	194	32	229*	204	364	125*	128	18	35	125	31	39
WAUKEGAN EIGHTH	155	18	16	147	21	128	20	13	135	19	21	139	21	108	104	28	36	51	13	15	49	20	18
WAUKEGAN NINTH	61	11	9	61	14	53	11	14	59	10	10	56	10	89*	82*	57	48	169	69	18	116	142	21
WAUKEGAN TENTH	179	15	10	190	14	173	64	18	167	25	14	186	18	133	177*	411	40*	49	35	35	50	35	40
SHIELDS FIRST	66	31	18	61	21	55	37	28	47	39	35	62	20	78	58*	121	109	36	9	40	30	14	47
SHIELDS SECOND	47	12	28	55	25	47	12	27	47	8	30	52	27	52*	45	34*	126	68	36	21	59	55	22
SHIELDS THIRD	76	39	9	78	13	57	41	14	70	40	14	78	15	88*	87	145	49	87	25	82	69	36	83
SHIELDS FOURTH	115	32	38	120	37	99	37	47	92	32	52	118	36	109	90	96	263	118	30	83	111	48	74
LIBERTYVILLE FIRST	117	27	25	153	49	132	49	48	101	61	44	160	42	145	120	171	261	108	66	64	97	80	69
LIBERTYVILLE SECOND	148	67	20	136	41	121	85	32	120	83	26	143	40	113	118*	281	217	62	19	25	59	24	23
FREMONT	76	20	11	68	23	53	33	20	57	28	19	53	32	76*	73*	103	66	83	29	50	67	45	46
WAUCONDA	108	26	20	82	73	90	50	28	90	35	30	94	41	27	107*	149	136*	25	23	13	48	42	15
CUBA	64	26	6	72	12	69	28	7	56	26	11	68	11	79*	64*	127*	40*	69	18	24	69	28	15
ELA	78	22	5	85	14	84	22	8	57	47	5	87	13	95*	79*	127	44	48	51	35	48	81	22
VERNON	63	71	15	63	18	59	79	20	13	152	9	61	21	67	49	270	109	72	40	45	45	59	58
WEST DEERFIELD	92	39	16	98	17	77	42	30	63	38	46	101	19	47	52*	157*	228	63	29	43	52	48	29
DEERFIELD FIRST	73	32	15	80	20	49	35	35	43	26	69	67	30	48*	47	90	218	83	29	48	58	59	48
DEERFIELD SECOND	96	29	23	100	26	76	37	34	66	30	61	84	35	100*	84	112*	162	63	29	43	52	48	29
DEERFIELD THIRD	73	32	15	80	20	49	35	35	43	26	69	67	31	48*	47	90	218	63	20	64	51	42	67
DEERFIELD FOURTH	89	18	38	87	43	65	26	56	52	16	87	75	44	65	54	69	286*	84	19	76	67	42	82
DEERFIELD FIFTH	92	23	60	107	51	82	26	64	55	21	99	101	59	69	61*	58*	352*						
TOTALS	4493	1244	735	4489	1137	3844	1685	1256	3799	1432	1384	4332	1187	4466	3726	6590	5551	3653	1282	1728	4600	2002	1728

* is used where state representatives recived precinct totals ending in ½

WEATHER REPORT FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER

Oct 1914—Warmest day 84 on the 21st. Coldest day 22 on the 27th Average temperature 44.98 Rainfall 3.47 First killing frost 27th.

Oct 1913—Warmest day 81 on the 4th. Coldest day 22 on the 31st Average temperature 51.80. Rainfall 5.43 inches Snowfall 1½.

Oct 1912—Warmest day 80 on the 5. Coldest day 25 on the 24th. Average temperature 51.06 Rainfall 5.25 inch

Oct 1911—Warmest day 73 on the 3rd. Coldest day 27 above on the 24th. Average temperature 57.4. Rainfall 4.16 inches Killing frost 23.

Oct 1910—Warmest day 84 on the 18. Coldest day 19 on the 29th. Average temperature 54.99. Total rain fall 2.37 inches Killing frost 23.

Oct 1909—Warmest day 80 on the 18th. Coldest day on 19 the 28th. Average temperature 47.24. Total rainfall 61.000 inches Killing frost 12.

Oct 1908—Warmest day 84 on the 17. Coldest day 20 on the 31. Average temperature 54.13. Rainfall 1.15 inch Killing frost 2.

Oct 1907—Warmest day 82 on the 1st. Coldest day 24 above on the 24. Average temperature 49.12. Total rainfall 1.05 inches

Oct 1906—Warmest day 78 on the 4. Coldest day 21 above on the 11th. Average temperature 50.01. Total rainfall 2.25 inch Killing frost 10.

Oct 1904—Warmest day 90 on the 10. Coldest day 23 above on the 27. Average temperature 53.03. Rainfall 1.20 inches Killing frost 27.

Oct 1903—Warmest day 82 on the 3. Coldest day 24 above on 28. Average temperature 50.91. Rainfall 90.100 inches Killing frost 18.

Oct 1902—Warmest day 75 on the 11th. Coldest day 28 above on the 13. Average temperature 50.13. Total rain 3.67 fall inches Killing frost 14.

Oct 1901—Warmest day 84 on the 1. Coldest day 24 above on the 25th. Average temperture 69.40. Total rainfall 61.100 inches. Killing frost 17.

When Words Burn Deep.

It is with words as with sunbeams—the more they are condensed, the deeper they burn.—Robert Southey.

DISEASED CATTLE IN COUNTY

Foot and Mouth Disease is Discovered in Herd of Cattle at Gurnee

FEDERAL INSPECTORS BUSY

Said to be Not Serious at the Present Time, but Animals Will Probably be Killed to Prevent Spreading

The dread foot and mouth disease has spread to Lake county, presumably from Kendall and Kane counties where it is known to have existed for some time. Twenty-two cases of the disease were discovered at Gurnee and fully two hundred head of dairy cattle have been exposed. The diseased cattle all have been placed under the strictest quarantine and the cattle that have been exposed have been placed under the strictest surveilance. The situation has been taken up with the state veterinarian in Chicago, the result of which, it is said, may be the issuance of an order that all of the affected cattle be killed and buried immediately. Dr. Smith, was the one who discovered the presence of the disease in Lake county.

He communicated with Dr. Butterfield of Libertyville, a state veterinarian and in company with him paid a visit to the four farms at Gurnee. With the aid of lanterns Dr. Butterfield examined the affected cattle and then declared that Dr. Smith had been absolutely right in his diagnosis. He said that he was going to Chicago Wednesto hold a consultation with the state veterinarian with regard to the condition. Without waiting to consult with the state veterinarian Dr. Butterfield at once ordered the affected cattle to be placed in the strictest quarantine and to be kept away from the other cattle. The three dairymen who had purchased cows of the stock buyer all have returned the cattle to him and while their herds are not under quarantine they are under surveilance. At the first indication of the disease among any of the cattle a quarantine ban will be declared and the farmers will be prevented from disposing of milk. Two herds are now under quarantine and the milk from the herds may not be shipped out until the state veterinarian has passed on the condition.

Millburn Fire Insurance Assessment

The Directors of the Millburn Mutual Insurance company have levied an assessment to pay the losses of two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50) on each one thousand dollars insured, the assessment will be due in thirty days. Please be prepared to pay our collectors when called for.

John A. Thain, Sec'y.
Millburn, Ill., Nov. 4, 1914. 3w

Stop! Look! Listen!

Mr. Craig has a few lots left over from his auction sales. They are as nicely located as any that were sold and he will give reasonable terms where installments are desired. Call at the News office and make inquires and leave address.

Traits of British Troops.

When discussing the peninsular campaign with John Wilson Croker Wellington told him that "the national character of the three kingdoms was strongly marked in my army. I found the English regiments always in the best humor when we were well supplied with beef; the Irish when we were in the wine countries, and the Scotch when the dollars for pay came up. This looks like an epigram, but I assure you it was a fact, and quite perceptible. But we managed to reconcile all their tempers, and I venture to say that in our later campaigns, and especially when we crossed the Pyrenees, there never was an army in the world in better spirits, better order or better discipline."

Natural Result.

"He was always too proud." "He has swallowed his pride." "What has happened to him?" "He's busted." "He might have known if he ever swallowed his pride it would bust him."

RUSSIAN AEROPLANE CAPTURED BY THE GERMANS



German transports removing a Russian aeroplane captured by General von Hindenburg at Lotzen. The engine was used later on a German aeroplane.

DIPLOMATS LEAVE TURKISH CAPITAL

Sultan Is Now Formally at War as an Ally of Triple Alliance.

ITALIAN PUBLIC SENTIMENT STRONGLY IN FAVOR OF HOSTILITIES.

Disagreement Over Question Causes Resignation of Cabinet—Berlin Satisfied Over News From the Front in Belgium, While Allies Claim Victory—Official Reports From Vienna and Petrograd Are Conflicting.

London, Nov. 2.—The ambassadors of Great Britain, Russia and France have received their passports and quit Constantinople.

Italy is aflame with the war fever and demonstrations in favor of entering the European conflict have become so violent in a number of cities that troops were called to suppress the riotous scenes.

The resignation of the entire cabinet in a body after a stormy session, in which the ministers failed to agree upon a military program because of the strong representation of the peace party, has brought the situation to an acute stage.

The army is now mobilized to a strength of 1,000,000 men, and the fleet is ready for action. It is only left for the war cabinet which is certain to be appointed to decide that Italy cannot longer remain neutral in face of the situation in Albania.

War has been officially declared between Turkey and Russia, according to a private message transmitted to the United States through the channels of the American government.

Say Turkish Raid Forced War.

Turkey's raid on Russian ports in the Black sea has forced Great Britain into war with the Ottoman government, the foreign office announced.

The Turkish government summarily shut off communication with the British embassy at Constantinople on Friday, and it is now up to Great Britain to take whatever action is required to protect British interests and territory and Egypt from attacks made or threatened.

It was officially announced that a wireless message received in Berlin from Constantinople says that the Turkish government has issued a proclamation formally annexing Egypt, which is already under Turkish suzerainty.

News From Front Pleases Germany.

Berlin, via The Hague, Nov. 1.—The German general staff was highly pleased with the report of Friday's fighting, with the announcement that the allies had been thrown back across the Aisne, near Soissons, and that the Germans had reached positions to the west of Verdun. This was described as the most promising news received for some time.

"We have finally started the stone rolling," said one officer, commenting on the official statement issued Saturday.

Major Moraht, military correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt, points out that Soissons is the point on the long battle line that is nearest Paris, which is only 50 miles distant, and adds that the allies may learn from this success that the German front has not been weakened at any place, while the daily reports of repulses to the east and to the north or Verdun show what a desperate effort the French are making to prevent the investment of the fortress and delay the opening of the bombardment.

Thus far 4,700,000,000 marks ($1,175,000,000) of the war loan has been paid up. This is 78 per cent of the total amount of the loan, and 700,000,000 marks more than was necessary for the first two terms of payment.

Duke of Wuerttemberg Defeated.

Paris, Nov. 2.—Belgian, French and British troops are reported to have administered a decisive defeat to the German army of the duke of Wuerttemberg in the battle of Flanders, forcing the invaders to fall back a distance of four miles from the railroad line between Nieuport and Dixmude, after suffering enormous losses in killed and the capture of a great many prisoners.

Thousands of the kaiser's soldiers have been drowned in flooded trenches, for the sea has been let in by the Belgians upon miles of beet land, reclaimed and below sea level at high tide. Two feet of water everywhere means more than six feet in the deep German trenches.

Attacks of a violent nature by fresh German troops against the seasoned British forces occupying positions south of Paschendaele resulted not only in the repulse of the attacking force, but in the recovery of the ground the allies had been forced to cede in the vicinity of Ghelucelt.

A violent bombardment of Nieuport by the German artillery, employing giant howitzers, was renewed and considerable damage was inflicted on the residence section of the port city, several shells striking near the Marine hospital.

Austrians Win Fight.

London, Nov. 1.—An official Austrian report issued in Vienna tonight says:

"A new battle has developed with the Russians. All attacks on our positions have been repulsed.

"The stubborn battle which had been raging several days in the direction northwest of Turka and south of the Stary-Sambor line (Galicia) resulted yesterday in a complete victory for our arms. Two infantry divisions and one rifle brigade of the enemy were dislodged from the position.

"Czernowitz is still held by our troops. The Russian artillery fire is directed especially against the residence of the Greek archbishop, but has produced little effect."

Russian Official Report.

Petrograd, Nov. 1.—The general staff issued the following report today:

"On the east Prussian front our troops are progressing in the region of Wladislawow, government of Suwalki, and the forest of Romentin. The German attacks in the region of Bakalarzevo on October 31 have ceased, following terrible losses suffered by the Germans.

"Beyond the Vistula we have advanced victoriously along the whole front. We have occupied Petrikau, Opotezno and Ojaroff. Battles took place on the roads leading to Opatoff, where we routed the rear guard of the enemy. We took 400 prisoners and captured six rapid-fire guns, convoys and provisions.

"A column of Austrians which descended from the Carpathians and fortified itself near Nadvarna was attacked and put to flight."

German Losses Are 420,000.

Berlin, via London, Nov. 1.—The German casualty lists for the last week amount to 62,000, it was announced tonight. The total to date is about four hundred and twenty thousand.

More Than One-Half of the Entire World Is Now Actively Engaged in Hostilities in Europe

With the entrance of Turkey into the war considerably more than half of the world is now actually involved in hostilities. These figures are compiled from Whitaker's Almanac:

	Area (square miles).	Population.
THE ALLIES.		
British empire	13,123,712	435,000,000
France (including colonies)	4,291,510	94,730,000
Russian empire	8,400,000	164,000,000
Belgium (including the Congo)	813,400	22,500,000
Japanese empire	235,900	65,100,000
Servia	34,000	5,000,000
Montenegro	5,800	500,000
Total, allies	26,904,322	786,830,000
GERMANIC ENTENTE.		
Germany (including colonies)	1,343,020	80,000,000
Austro-Hungarian empire	261,033	51,340,000
Turkish empire	1,058,041	31,580,000
Total, pro-German	2,662,094	162,920,000
Total of countries at war	29,566,416	949,750,000
Total land area of the earth	55,500,000	
Total population of the earth		1,623,000,000

MOORS IN THE FRENCH ARMY

Most Picturesque of All the Soldiers Now Battling in the War Zone in Europe.

The native Algerian troops now fighting in France are as picturesque as they are pugnacious, according to Helen C. Gordon, whose "A Woman in the Sahara" has just been published.

"A civil administration, with the right of appeal, will replace the military jurisdiction in Algeria, but we, who are onlookers merely, will miss, in this radiant light, the gleam of scarlet and gold; the blue, red and yellow of the French tirailleur; the swarthy Zouave in his braided jacket and full pantaloons, and mostly, of course, the picturesque Spahis and the mounted Cavaliers du Bureau Arabe.

"From my window, times out of number, I have watched them ride by, singly, in pairs, sometimes a gay company.

"A Spahi in burnous of brick red, white haik confined by coils of deepest brown camel's hair; the cavaliers, their great cloaks of gray blue, with a thin line and facing of yellow or strawberry pink, drawn up at the sides, revealing big rose-colored riding boots.

"They and their chargers are one as they lean back in their high Arab saddles of dark crimson or golden brown leather."

It's a man with a shallow mind who is most apt to get beyond his depths.

TURKS BACK DOWN

Sultan's Envoy Offers Apology to Great Britain for Hostile Acts.

GERMANS GAIN AT YPRES

Kaiser's Troops Also Occupy Messines After Hard Fight—Allies Claim Advance on Calais Has Been Halted.

London, Nov. 4.—Turkey is making frantic efforts to keep out of the war.

It is stated in diplomatic circles that the grand vizier tendered to the powers on behalf of Turkey an apology for the acts of the Turkish battleships in their raid on Russia Black sea ports. Although no official statement has yet been made on the subject, the report is given credence generally.

While negotiations for Turkish extrication from her belligerent situation were proceeding, a combined British and French squadron in the Gulf of Techechme hunted down and sank two Turkish warships. They were the Turkish gunboat Dube Kreiss and the Turkish armed steamship Kinaliada.

Passports Held Back.

It was officially announced that the Turkish ambassador to London had been given his passports. Shortly afterward it was stated by the attaches of the office of Sir Edward Grey, minister of foreign affairs, that the report was premature.

Then came a visit of the Turkish ambassador to the foreign ministry for a lengthy conference, after which it was said that Turkey would sever her German connection and would cease all hostile activity.

A Reuter dispatch from Constantinople says that Turkey has already invaded British soil. Two thousand armed Bedouins are reported to have entered Egypt.

Both Sides Report Gains.

The German drive upon Calais has been halted. Monday came the long-awaited falter in the German attack. The war office at Bordeaux officially declared that along the whole front from the Oise to the sea the pronounced attacks directed by the Germans had diminished in violence.

Both to the south of Dixmude and to the south of Ghaluwe, between Ypres and Menin, the allied French, British and Belgian troops occupied positions considerably in advance of those previously held. At every other point at which the troops came in contact with the Germans during the day the allies were able to maintain their positions, it is reported.

Paris Puts German Losses at 50,000.

The French war ministry is informed that the German losses in the north in the last few days have been 50,000, a Paris dispatch says. After an engagement at a single point on the Yser the Germans left 2,000 dead on the field. The French casualties in this engagement were reported to be 115 killed and wounded.

Failure of the German offensive between Bray-en-Lannois and Vailly, in the Aisne region, also was reported from Paris.

Germans Win at Ypres.

The British war office made no announcement to contradict the German claim of advantage in the fighting about Ypres, but admitted that the allies had been forced to evacuate part of the village of Messines in the face of a vigorous German attack.

In Belgium the German attacks were particularly desperate in character in the region between Dixmude and the Lys, but in spite of the vigor of these assaults the allies were able to make a slight advance along the entire front.

Allies Victors on Aisne.

Slight progress was recorded along the Aisne in the direction of Tracy-le-Val, to the north of the forest of L'Aigle, between this forest and Soissons.

All day Sunday and all Monday night train load after train load of wounded German soldiers poured into Bruges, says the Sluis correspondent of the Amsterdam Telegraaf. The Germans lost a great quantity of artillery in the districts flooded by the cutting of the dikes.

Situation Favorable, Berlin Says.

Berlin, by wireless via Sayville, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Analysis of the official and unofficial reports from the front show that the situation of the German troops along the Franco-Belgian battle front is entirely favorable. The news that the French were thrown back across the Aisne near Vailly, east of Soissons, and that the Germans have gained a success west of Verdun caused much rejoicing. Military critics regard those two successful issues as important.

Turks and Bulgars Friends.

Berlin, by wireless via Sayville, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Dispatches from Sofia state that the semiofficial press there says that relations between Bulgaria and Turkey are splendid. Bulgaria has mobilized her second line of troops.

Austrians Again in Servia.

Berlin, Nov. 4.—Austria has again invaded Servia, it is announced. The war office statement follows: "The Austrians successfully attacked a strong fortified Servian position near Rovrye."

NOTED MEN INDICTED

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY CORPORATIONS NAMED IN THE INDICTMENTS.

W. G. ROCKEFELLER ON LIST

Twenty-One Men Prominent in Wall Street Charged With Conspiracy in Connection With Operation of the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.

New York, Nov. 4.—Criminal indictments charging that they combined and conspired to monopolize commerce in the transportation business were returned on Monday by a federal grand jury against William G. Rockefeller, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Theodore N. Vail, George F. Baker, John Billard and 16 other men famous in the industrial and financial world.

The indictments are the result of the federal investigation into New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. One hundred and sixty corporations are named in the indictments.

The indictments were returned before Judge Foster, who immediately issued bench warrants for all the defendants. In addition to those already mentioned the other men indicted are: George McCulloch Miller, Charles F. Brooker, William Skinner, D. Newton Burney, Robert W. Taft, James S. Elton, James S. Hemingway, Charles M. Pratt, A. Heaton Robertson, Frederick F. Brewster, Henry K. McHarg, Edward D. Robinson, Alexander Cochrane, Thomas DeWitt Cuyler, Edward Milligan and Francis T. Maxwell.

The manner in which the alleged illegal combine was brought about is thus set forward in the indictment:

"Said conspirators, taking advantage of the fact that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has the only railroad of any importance leading from New York city, Brooklyn and Jersey City easterly into the states of Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Vermont, Maine and New Hampshire, and, treating the New Haven as a nucleus, have conspired to bring as many other common carriers and their properties and facilities under the influence, management and domination and ownership of them as they would be able to reach from time to time."

It took the grand jury just 15 minutes to vote the indictments. The body convened at 10:30 o'clock and for 15 minutes James W. Osborn, Frank W. Swacker and R. L. Betts, special assistant United States attorneys, were in the jury room.

Immediately after Daniel C. Underhill, foreman of the jury had handed the indictments up to the court Judge Foster began the issuing of bench warrants. These were given at once to deputy United States marshals to serve. When the defendants appeared in court the U. S. district attorney demanded a $5,000 bond from each of them. A surety company signed the bonds and all were released.

The period of time covered in the indictments, over which the alleged illegal combine existed, extends from July 2, 1890, to the "day of the findings and presentation of these indictments."

According to the indictments the persons named conspired to gain absolute ascendancy over the transportation systems in New England, namely, steam railroads, traction lines and steamship companies. It mentioned the names of the chief arteries of the New Haven system as mediums through which the control was secured by stock ownership and "otherwise."

MILD QUARANTINE AT CHICAGO

Federal Officials Stop Animal Industry After Embargo Is Placed on Five States.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—The discovery that the foot and mouth disease had spread to herds of cattle in Kendall and Kane counties, Illinois, caused the federal and state authorities to co-operate in taking these drastic measures to protect the public and prevent further infection.

The Chicago stockyards were placed under a mild and limited quarantine, no live cattle, sheep or hogs being allowed to go out, while hogs from non-infected states will be admitted for slaughter in Chicago only.

Cattle, sheep and hogs in these five states were put under quarantine by the federal bureau of animal industry: Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Nothing in the orders issued by either federal or state authorities prevents or hinders in any way the bringing into Chicago from any of the other 43 states of live cattle, sheep or hogs, just as in ordinary times, except that the animals cannot be shipped from Chicago alive, but must be killed here. All meats can be brought in and shipped out as usual.

R. W. Sears Left $17,500,000.

Waukegan, Ill., Nov. 4.—In exactly 122 words, R. W. Sears disposed of his entire estate of $17,500,000 in his will, probated in county court. Mr. Sears bequeathed his entire estate, both personal and real, to his wife.

Holds German Officers.

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—Four officers of the German gunboat Geier, now at Honolulu, were taken off the liner Korea here and will be held as military prisoners, charged with violating this country's neutrality.

The Victors.

"I met in Milan," said a returned tourist, "Gen. Angelo Gatti, the famous Italian tactician. Gatti talked luminously on the war. This remember, was about September 1.

"General Gatti said that the allies in France had been too audacious at first—hence their hard luck. He said they had now learned their lesson and were doing better.

"'In warfare,' said General Gatti, 'the rash are annihilated. The timid are crushed. Victory crowns those alone who mingle rashness and timidity together—those, so to speak, who run risks at a slow walk.'"

A GRATEFUL ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. F. C. Case of Welcome Lake, Pa., writes: "I suffered with Backache and Kidney Trouble. My head ached, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing. I felt heavy and sleepy after meals, was always nervous and tired, had a bitter taste in my mouth, was dizzy, had floating specks before my eyes, was always thirsty, had a dragging sensation across my loins, difficulty in collecting my thoughts and was troubled with shortness of breath. Doddś Kidney Pills have cured me of these complaints. Dodds Kidney Pills have done their work and done it well. You are at liberty to publish this letter for the benefit of any sufferer who doubts the merit of Dodds Kidney Pills."

Mr. F. C. Case.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, Dainty Recipes; also music of National Anthem. All 3 sent free. Adv.

Virginia Governor's Mansion.

The spirits of history, of sentiment and of beauty rise to form a triple alliance in protest against the proposal to remodel the first floor of the governor's mansion. To them it is almost an act of vandalism to break the splendid sweep of the central hall with a stairway, to obstruct the view from the entrance, to obliterate the effect of space given by the wide interior entrances to right and left, to instill a cramped feeling into all who enter, to make any changes in an interior the most distinctive historically and architecturally of all the state executive mansions. There are improvements to be made in the rooms of the upper floor, and probably in other parts of the house. Smaller and more bedrooms, for instance, are needed. But the first floor can only be ruined by the contemplated "improvements." Rich in history, beautiful in design and comfortable in arrangements, it should not be touched.

When Scot Meets Scot.

The lady was the owner of a small shop, writes the London Telegraph, and her squire acquired the habit of seeing her home, and carrying the cash bag that contained the day's takings. It was generally heavy.

"You must be doin' weel," remarked the gentleman, frequently.

"Oh, ay," the lady would reply, "It's a guid bit business."

But she did not disclose that besides the moderate drawings the bag contained the counter weights. The canny lover only discovered that fact after marriage.

Unrequited love is one brand of heart failure. But it's never fatal.

PRESSED HARD.
Coffee's Weight on Old Age.

When people realize the injurious effects of coffee and the change in health that Postum can bring, they are usually glad to lend their testimony for the benefit of others.

"My mother, since her early childhood, was an inveterate coffee drinker, had been troubled with her heart for a number of years and complained of that 'weak all over' feeling and sick stomach.

"Some time ago I was making a visit to a distant part of the country and took dinner with one of the merchants of the place. I noticed a somewhat unusual flavour of the 'coffee' and asked him concerning it. He replied that it was Postum.

"I was so pleased with it that, after the meal was over, I bought a package to carry home with me, and had wife prepare some for the next meal. The whole family were so well pleased with it that we discontinued coffee and used Postum entirely.

"I had really been at times very anxious concerning my mother's condition, but we noticed that after using Postum for a short time, she felt so much better than she did prior to its use, and had little trouble with her heart, and no sick stomach; that the headaches were not so frequent, and her general condition much improved. This continued until she was well and hearty.

"I know Postum has benefited myself and the other members of the family, but not in so marked a degree as in the case of my mother, as she was a victim of long standing." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

WRITER WITH GERMAN ARMY SEES MODERN "MACHINE-MADE" WAR

With the German Army Before Metz.—A five-day trip to the front has taken the correspondent through the German fortresses of Mayence, Saarbrucken and Metz, through the frontier regions between Metz and the French fortress line from Verdun to Toul, into the actual battery positions from which Germans and Austrian heavy artillery were pounding their eight and twelve inch shells into the French barrier forts and into the ranks of the French field army, which has replaced the crumbling fortifications of steel and cement with ramparts of flesh and blood.

Impressions at the end are those of some great industrial undertaking, with powerful machinery in full operation and endless supply trains bringing up the raw materials for fabrication rather than of war as pictured.

Sees Battle From Hillside.

From a point of observation on a hillside above St. Mihiel, the great battlefield on which a German army is endeavoring to break through the line of barrier forts between Verdun and Toul, and the opposing French forces could be surveyed in its entirety.

In the foreground lay the level valley of the Meuse with the towns of St. Mihiel and Bannoncour nestling upon the green landscape. Beyond and behind the valley rose a tier of hills, on which the French obstinately hold an intrenched position, checking the point of the German wedge, while French forces from north and south beat upon the sides of the triangle trying to force it back across the Meuse and out from the vitals of the French fortress line.

Bursting shells threw up their columns of white or black fog around the edge of the panorama. Cloudlets of white smoke here and there showed where a position was being brought under shrapnel fire. An occasional aeroplane could be picked out, hovering over the lines, but the infantry and the field battery positions could not be discerned, even with a high-power field glass, so cleverly had the armies taken cover.

Reaches Zone of Ruin.

A few miles beyond Gorze the French frontier was passed and from this point on the countryside, with its deserted farms, rotting shocks of wheat, and uncut fields of grain, trampled down by infantry and scarred with trenches, excavations for batteries, and its pits caused by exploding shells, showed war's devastating heel prints.

At St. Benoit a party of some three hundred French prisoners was encountered, waiting outside headquarters. They were all fine young fellows, in striking contrast to the elderly reservist type which predominates in the German prison camps. They were evidently elite troops of the line and were treated almost with deference by their guards, a detachment of bearded landwehr men from South Germany. They were the survivors of the garrison of the Roman camp fort who had put up such a desperate and spirited defense as to win the whole-hearted admiration and respect of the German officers and men.

Held Out to Bitter End.

Their guns had been silenced and trenches were pushed up by an overwhelming force of pioneers and infantry to within five yards of their works before they retreated from the advanced intrenchments to the casements of the fort. Here they maintained a stout resistance and refused every summons to surrender.

Hand grenades were brought up, bound to a backing of boards, and exploded against the openings of the casements, filling these with showers of steel splinters. Volunteers, creeping up to the dead angle of the casements where the fire of the defenders could not reach them, directed smoke tubes and stinkpots against apertures in the citadel, filling the rooms with suffocating smoke and gases.

"Have you had enough?" they were asked, after the first smoke treatment.

"No," was the defiant answer.

The treatment was repeated a second and third time, the response to the demand for surrender each time growing weaker until finally the defenders were no longer able to raise their rifles and the fort was taken.

Saluted by Foes.

When the survivors of the plucky garrison were able to march out revived by the fresh air, they found their late opponents presenting arms before them in recognition of their gallant stand. They were granted the most honorable terms of surrender, their officers were allowed to retain their swords and on their march toward an honorable captivity they were everywhere greeted with expressions of respect and admiration.

Beyond St. Benoit and Cote Lorraine a range of wooded hills running north and south along the east bank of the Meuse rises in steeply terraced slopes several hundred feet from the frontier plain, interposing a natural rampart between Germany and the French line of fortresses beyond the Meuse.

The French had fortified these slopes with successive rows of trenches, permitting line above line of infantry to fire against an advancing enemy. For days a desperate struggle was waged for the possession of the heights, which was imperative for the German campaign against the line of fortresses.

The correspondent had no opportunity to inspect at close range the 16½-inch guns, the "growlers" of Liege, Namur, and other fortresses, which Krupp and the German army uncovered as the surprise of this war.

Sees Battery in Action.

Their smaller sisters were less coy. A dismounted battery of the intermediate caliber, details of which are not for publication, was encountered by the roadside awaiting repairs to the heavy traction engine in whose train it travels in sections along the country roads, while the German 8¼-inch (21 centimeter) and the Austrian 12-inch (30.5 centimeter) batteries were seen in action.

The heavy German battery lay snugly hid in a wood on the rolling heights of the Cote Lorraine. Better off than the French, whose aviators had for four days repeatedly scrutinized every acre of land in the vicinity looking for these guns, we had fairly accurate directions how to find the battery, but even then it required some search and doubling back and forth before a languid cannoneer, lounging by the roadside, pointed with thumb over shoulder toward the hidden guns.

These and the artillerymen were enjoing their midday rest, a pause which sets in every day with the regularity of the luncheon hour in a factory. The guns, two in this particular position, stood beneath a screen of thickly branching trees, the muzzles pointing toward round openings in this leafy roof.

Fires Two Exhibition Shots.

It was the noon pause, but the lieutenant in charge of the guns, anxious to show them off to advantage, volunteered to telephone the battery commander, in his observation post four miles nearer the enemy, for permission to fire a shot or two against a village in which French troops were gathering for the attack. This battery just had finished with Les Paroches, a French barrier fort across the Meuse, and was not devoting its attention to such minor tasks.

Soon the orderly reported that the battery commander authorized two shots against the village in question. At command the gun crew sprang to their posts about the mortar, which was already adjusted for its target, a little less than six miles away, the gun muzzle pointing skyward at an angle of about sixty degrees. As the gun was fired the projectile could be seen and followed in its course for several hundred feet.

Before the report died away the crew were busy as bees about the gun. One man with the hand elevating gear rapidly cranked the barrels down to a level position ready for loading. A second threw open the breech and extracted the brass cartridge case, carefully wiping it out before depositing it among the empties; four more seized the heavy shell and lifted it to cradle opposite the breech, a seventh rammed it home; number eight gingerly inserted the brass cartridge, half filled with a vaselinelike explosive, the breech was closed, and the gun pointer rapidly cranked the gun again into position. In less than thirty seconds the men sprang back from the gun, again loaded and aimed.

Second Shot Fires Village.

A short wait and the observer from his post near the village ordered "next shot, 50 meters nearer." The gun pointer made the slight correction necessary, the mortar again sent its shell purring through the air against the village, which this time, it was learned, broke into flames, and while the men went back to their noonday rest the lieutenant explained the fine points of his beloved guns.

One man, as has been seen, could manipulate the elevation gear with one hand easily and quickly; ten of his horses could take the mortar, weighing eight tons, anywhere; it could fire up to 500 shots per day. He was proud of the skillful concealment of his guns, which had been firing for four days from the same position without being discovered; although French aviators had located all the sister batteries, all of which had suffered loss from shrapnel fire.

Along the roadside through the Cote Lorraine were here and there graves with rude crosses and penciled inscriptions. At the western edge of the forest the battle panorama of the Meuse valley suddenly opened out, the hills falling away again steeply to the level valley bed. The towns below St. Mihiel and Bannoncour seemed absolutely deserted, not a person being visible even around the large barracks in the latter town.

MOVING THE GOVERNMENT OF BELGIUM TO HAVRE



This cart, loaded with books and documents, was one of a long procession that carried the Belgian government to Havre, France, when the Germans approached uncomfortably close to Ostend.

GOVERNORS OF TEN FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS



This picture shows ten of the governors of federal reserve banks out of the total of twelve. Back row, left to right: Charles J. Rhoads of Philadelphia, district 3; Oscar Wells, Houston, Tex., district 11; Alfred L. Aiken, Boston, district 1; Benjamin Strong, Jr., New York, district 2; Archibald Kains, San Francisco, district 12. Front row, left to right: D. R. Faucher, Cleveland, district 4; George J. Seay, Richmond, district 5; Joseph A. McCord, Atlanta, district 6; Theodore Wold, Minneapolis, district 9; Charles M. Sawyer, Topeka, district 10.

TENDER CARE FOR WOUNDED



Belgian officer wounded in the defense of Antwerp, arriving at Folkestone in the charge of an English Red Cross nurse.

LEFT BEHIND AT OSTEND



Poor hopeless girls of Ostend left behind on the pier as the last boat loaded with refugees departed and the Germans entered the city.

GERMANS IN RUINED ANTWERP



German soldiers patrolling a street in Antwerp where the houses are in ruins as a result of the terrific bombardment. The tower in the background is that of the Beguin prison.

GERMAN SCOUTING PARTY IN BELGIUM



LORD BERESFORD SEES LONG, DESPERATE WAR

Stafford, England.—The serious time of the war, said Lord Charles Beresford in a speech here, would begin when the Germans were forced over the frontier and were in their own country and with their own base of supplies. This was not going to be a short war, Lord Charles added. It would take more than six months or a year to put Emperor William on his back, he said, beyond all question.

Nobody knew what would happen in the next great naval battle in which modern instruments of warfare were used, Lord Charles continued. The element of luck would come into play, but luck or no luck, Germany, he declared, must be humbled and humiliated.

"She must lose the whole of her fleet," Lord Charles concluded, "Give up the Kiel canal and her colonies; her forts must be demolished and the Krupp works razed to the ground."

THE CHARM OF MOTHERHOOD

Enhanced By Perfect Physical Health.

The experience of Motherhood is a trying one to most women and marks distinctly an epoch in their lives. Not one woman in a hundred is prepared or understands how to properly care for herself. Of course nearly every woman nowadays has medical treatment at such times, but many approach the experience with an organism unfitted for the trial of strength, and when it is over her system has received a shock from which it is hard to recover. Following right upon this comes the nervous strain of caring for the child, and a distinct change in the mother results.

There is nothing more charming than a happy and healthy mother of children, and indeed child-birth under the right conditions need be no hazard to health or beauty. The unexplainable thing is that, with all the evidence of shattered nerves and broken health resulting from an unprepared condition, and with ample time in which to prepare, women will persist in going blindly to the trial.

Every woman at this time should rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism.

In many homes once childless there are now children because of the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes women normal, healthy and strong.



If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

CURED!
And it only cost me $1.00

That is one of the many testimonials we have received of the cures made by

LANG-O MINERAL WONDER

Not a patent medicine, but the most remarkable and efficient of Nature's own remedies. A boon to those suffering from Rheumatism, Stomach Trouble, Kidney Disease, Asthma, Catarrh, Blood Poison, Diseases of the Blood, Piles, Torpid Liver, Malaria and kindred ailments.

Nature's greatest tonic and specific. A simple but wonderful natural mineral Remedy. Contains no drugs, poison or alcohol. We have testimonials proving this marvelous Remedy has cured hundreds given up as incurable. IT WILL CURE YOU.

You can regain health and strength. YOU CAN BE CURED. Trial size (often enough to cure) only $1.00. Write us today for LANG-O MINERAL WONDER.

Write for descriptive testimonial pamphlet.

Agents Wanted.

LANG-O MINERAL WONDER CO.
231 Lougheed Blk., Calgary, Canada



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Menace.

The Akooned of Swat had 20,000 men. He marched them up a hill one day, and that done he marched them down again.

The great powers were not asleep. "If this isn't mobilization, what is it?" they demanded tensely.

The Akooned of Swat hastened to point out that when his men were up they were up, that when they were down they were down, and, finally, that when they were only halfway up they were neither up nor down.

"No temporizing!" thundered the great Powers and forthwith fell upon one another with the utmost ferocity.

For while the great Powers were Christian, Swat was a heathen nation, and so a constant menace to the peace of the world.—New York Evening Post.

Women Don't Progress.

"Pockets for women will be worn this fall."

"What of that?"

"The girls may wear pockets, but I'll bet they still carry their junk all jumbled up in a handbag."

Every woman thinks she's worth her weight in gold.

NOTHING else but the adroit blending of pure tobaccos—the choicest—gives you the excellence of FATIMA Turkish-blend Cigarettes!

If you cannot secure Fatima Cigarettes from your dealer, we will be pleased to send you three packages postpaid on receipt of 30c. Address Fatima Dept., 212 Fifth Ave., New York, N.Y.

"Distinctively Individual"

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY

A. B. JOHNSON, Editor & Prop.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

$1.50 Per Year in Advance. Sample Copy 5 Cents.

Advertising Rates Furnished Upon Application

Telephone Antioch 581.

THURSDAY, OCTOCER 5, 1914

ON OLD COMRADE DEAD

Warren Williams Passes Away at His Home Here on Friday Last

On last Friday morning occurred the death of one of Antioch's aged and respected citizens, Mr. Warren Williams who passed away at his home in this village. Although the most of the time for the past eight or nine years has been spent with his daughter in southern Missouri, yet he never entirely gave up his residence here and when the thought of home became upermost in his mind he would journey back for a few weeks stay among old and familiar surroundings. Abont three months ago he wished to again return to his old home and in company with his daughter he came here, and here he stayed till the end.

The deceased was born at Stratford, Conn., October 20, 1834. In 1842 the family moved to Bristol, Wis., where they resided until 1854 when they moved to this village.

When the war broke out he was among those to answer to the first call enlisting in Co. A. 12th, Ill., Infantry, Vol., on the 15th day of April, 1861, and was mustered out on July 25. On the 19th day of August of the same year he re-enlisted in Co. F., 37th Ill., Infantry and received promotion for meriterous service at Pea Ridge and Prairie Grove, was an Orderly Serg't, for a time. May 22, 1863, he was commissioned 2nd Lieutenant.

On December 25, 1866, he was married to Annie M. Ingalls and to them was born two daughters, Bertha E., who survives him and Carrie M., who passed away at Denver, Colo., June 16, 1901. Mrs. Williams preceeded him in death on the 28 day of October, 1909.

Before he died he requested that his funeral be in charge of the G. A. R., and this request was carried out in every way.

The funeral services were held at the home Sunday afternoon at 12:30 and after a prayer by Rev. Hester the services were taken in charge as he had desired. The eight surviving members of his compan: John E. Bullard, Chas. Hall, Jos, Haycock, Chas. Pullen, Peter Strang, H. L. Burdick, Dan McCormick and James Swindler were all present as well as number of others whose names are given below:

Old Soldiers from Libertyville: Jas. Lee, O. E. Churchill.

Grayslake: Andrew White, Henry Dombski, Orville Barron, John Morrill. John Meade, T. A. Reynolds.

Antioch and Vicinity: Harrison Jones, Louis Savage, W. S. Westlake, Joseph Savage, Jerome Burnett, Chas. B. Harrison, E. H. Ames, Eli Judd, Daniel Nelson, Addison Felter, Dave Lightner. C. M. Sherman.

After a short ceremony at the house the remains were taken to the cemetery where the remainder of the services were held. According to his request martial music was played on the way from the home to the cemetery.

IN MEMOLIUM

I stood at the grave of a soldier at rest,
They lowered his corpse;—his last earthly request—
Those comrads he'd cherished, so bent and so gray,
Me thought as they gazed where the dead soldier lay
No requiem outspoken in eloquence grand
Could express the deep grief of this time--honored band.
In days when the nation was rent 'most in twain,
From turret to bastion its walls felt the strain,
Like magic, around those walls mouldered and grim,
—Scarce a century old--crept up, limb upon limb,
An ivy, and folded itself round about,
Its tendrils imbedded in crevice and grout,
'Til it held the dismembered parts firmly and fast,
While all the world wondered and waited, aghast,
Half a century now has this vine firmly clung
Still nourished by loyalty, whence it first sprung,
It's leaves have been falling, all silvered and grey,
Like the one they consigned to the Father today.
While sadly we watch its leaves wither and fade,
The seams in the walls a firm union have made,
Which cannot be shaken within or without,
For still round about, nearly leafless but stout,
It's tendrils still clinging as firmly today
E'en though the last leaflet is wafted away.
That loyalty, such as the world had ne'er seen
Must be loyalty still when all vestige of green
Has silvered and fallen—when each one of those
Who formed that Grand Army has gone to repose.
It is just that the men who shared hardship and strife
Should weep o'er a comrade departed this life,
But why should the multitude let fall a tear,
Or mingle in grief o'er the uncovered bier,
More fitting that we should sing praise for him, gone,
And learn well the lesson in loyalty shown,
Which made all men soldiers in time of dire need;
Which made all men soldiers,—yes soldiers indeed.
And so, as the leaves of the ivy shall fall.
As each of the Grand Army answers the call,
Let us raise a glad anthem high as the heaven
In praise for the Nation they to us have given.

H. P, F.

Field Sports

When you keep a boy interested in football, baseball, tennis, and the like, you lessen the chances that he will get interested in things not so good for him.

The Youth's Companion, since its enlargement, gives generous space to this matter of athletic training, and gets the best coaches in the country to write for it.

How to practice to become a first-rate pitcher, how to train for a race. how to learn the newest strokes in swimming—these and a hundred other topics of the greatest interest to boys—to girls to for that matter—are touched upon in this important department of The Companion.

And this is only a small part of the service which The Companion readers in any home which it enters. It ha. points of contract with a hundred interests.

If you do not know The Companion as it is today, let us send you one or two current issues free, that you may thoroughly test the paper's quality, We will send also the Forecast for 1915.

Every new subscriber who sends $2 for the fifty-two weekly issues of 1915 will receive free all the issues of the paper for the remaining weeks of 1914; also The Companion Home Calandar for 1915.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
144 Berkeley street, Boston, Mass.

Go-to-Prayer-Meeting Night

A remarkable movement following the "Go-to-Church-Sunday" campaign of a year ago which achieved such wonderful results has been inaugurated among the Methodists of northern Illinois by the Chicago Methodist Social Union, the purpose being to promote attendance at the mid-week prayer service. The "Go-to-ChurchSunday" campaign resulted in many instances in a doubling of church attendance. More than three hundred Methodist churches are cooperating in the present movement and even larger relative results are looked for than in last year's effort. Literature has been widely distributed, local committees appointed, and frequent announcements made from pulpits. The campaign will reach culmination on Wednesday evening, Nov. 11, at which time "Go-to-Prayer-Meeting Night" will be observed at the Antioch Methodist church. The hour of service is 7:30 o'clock. The pastor and membership extend a cordial invitation to all. Special music.

Dies of Choler Infantum

On Friday of last week Mr. and Mrs. Alex Smith of Millburn were called upon to part with their two and a half years old daughter Ruth, who on that day succumbed to a severe attack of choler infantum after an illness covering a period of nine days.

The funeral was held at St. Peter's church Sunday afternoon at two o'clock and the remains were laid at rest in Mt. Carmel cemetery.

Printer Followed Instructions.

"Now, Steve," explained the editor to the new printer, "you know this is a United Presbyterian publication. We never use the word 'Sunday,' but instead it always must appear as 'Sabbath.'"

"Yes, sir," said Steve as he shifted his plug to a more convenient pocket, and proceeded forthwith to get out the weekly publication.

Three days later the dignified clergyman-editor received the first copy from the press. He gasped, collapsed and crumpled to the floor. This is what he had read:

"Billy Sabbath, the famous baseball evangelist, will conduct a series of meetings in this town next month."

Things That Inspire.

A great integrity makes us immortal; an inspiration, an admiration, a deep love, a strong will, lifts us above fear. It makes a day memorable. We say we lived years in that hour.—Emerson.

CIVIL WAR IN THE CAB

By FRANK CONDON.

(Copyright.)

"You," began Cockrill, addressing his fireman, and brandishing a leaky oil-can before his nose, "you are a greasy-faced, soot-covered, pock-marked liar. You are almost an undesirable citizen."



"And you," retorted Dorgan, calmly scratching the remaining match on the seat of his trousers with skill and success, "are a fake engineer. Go get a job driving a truck. Throttle-pull on a Brooklyn perambulator. Hire out to the push-cart trust. Bah!

"You run this old cow-killer into the turntable pit one day. You forget you ever heard of injectors the next. You let her water fall two feet below the glass, and she drops a crown-sheet.

"And then you try to Adam it off on this poor Eve," pointing to the fifth button of his waistcoat. "I get called up on the carpet, and accused of negligence on duty. And me peacefully and innocently eating lunch when it happened."

"Yes, eating lunch," Cockrill went on, trying to be calm and judicial; "eating it on that very seat where you're sitting now. 'Twas your fault, and you know it; and if I didn't defend you, and plead for your job with tears in my eyes, you'd been fired, you good-for-nothing loafer. Then you go and blame it all on me!"

"Weren't you under the engine?" asked Dorgan, with frigid politeness. "Hadn't you just left the cab? Was I any where around when you left?"

"You were. As I remarked a minute ago, you were sitting in the same position you now occupy."

"I was not," said Dorgan.

"You were," retorted Cockrill; "and if you get me any madder than I am I'll drop this can and lick the everlasting blazes out of you."

"Yes, you'd drop the can," said Dorgan scornfully, "and pick up the shovel. You couldn't lick a stick of candy. You're wrong about my blaming it on you, anyhow.

"Our genial and lovable superintendent, John Flathead McKinney—worse luck to him—asked me distinctly who was to blame, me or you; and who did I say? Who did I say, you ungrateful, bum engineer?"

"You said me, of course," responded Cockrill. "You turned and betrayed me and lied about me, and I ought to have you fired. I think I will yet."

The rattle of mutilated English overcame even the sharp hissing of steam in the engine-cab. Fireman and engineer were having it out for the sixty-first time, and it was now four weeks since the locomotive had blown off an upper sheet.

The roundhouse door swung open on creaky hinges, and attention to duty prevented further war for the moment. Cockrill opened the throttle, and the big engine glided softly into her stall.

In the perpetual dusk of the roundhouse a fat, red-faced man picked his way among the tracks and over the pilots. It was Superintendent McKinney.

"Where's Cockrill?" he asked of a wiper.

"He just came in, sir," answered that menial person. "His engine is on the last track."

McKinney strode forward, and Cockrill saw him coming.

"Shut up, now," he cautioned the suddenly mute Dorgan. "Here's the old snake himself, with more questions to ask."

The cinders crunched under McKinney's tread. "Are you up there, Cockrill?" he asked.

"I am," replied the engineer.

"So am I," put in Dorgan, his sarcasm totally lost on the florid superintendent, who climbed heavily into the cab.

"Now," began McKinney judicially, when he got his breath, "for the last time, I want to find out about that crown-sheet. That thing cost one hundred and eighty dollars to fix up, and I want to find out why it happened, and which of you let it happen?"

"Mr. McKinney," Dorgan broke in contritely, "there's no use obscuring the issue, as they say in law. I am to blame. I did it. Mr. Cockrill here had nothing to do with it any more than you. If there's any punishment, I deserve it, and I'm ready to take it."

Before he had finished the "t" in "it," Cockrill's voice filled the cab.

"Mr. McKinney, this young fellow is giving you the finest example of loyalty to a comrade you ever heard of. He is deliberately lying to save me.

"The truth of the matter is that Dorgan was eating lunch in the station when the sheet blew off. It was due solely to my own negligence, and I'm ready to suffer the consequences."

There was a brief pause. The silence was broken only by the cluck-cluck of the air-pump. McKinney turned right-about face, and laid his hand on the rail. A half grin wrinkled his face and deepened its ruddy bloom.

"You two are the cheerfulest liars I ever saw," he said. "Don't let it happen again." Thereupon he descended from the cab.

TALE OF LITERARY BOHEMIA

French Dramatist and Poet Breakfasted Together Under Somewhat Amusing Circumstances.

In his published reminiscences of Henri Murger, Mons. Felix Duquesnel tells an amusing story of a breakfast with the poet of the "Vie de Boheme."

Theodore Barriere, the dramatist, wished to adapt Murger's work to the stage. He had never met the poet, but he decided to visit him at his home and introduce himself. Murger lived on the sixth floor of a house in the Rue Gregoire-de-Tours. It was almost noon when Barriere appeared at his lodging, but Murger was still in bed.

"Pardon me, sir, for disturbing you," said Barriere. "I'm sorry to see that you are in bed. Are you indisposed?"

"No, not at all," said Murger. "I'm very well, indeed, and very glad to make your acquaintance."

"May I ask why you lie in bed on so fine a day as this?"

"I'll tell you," said Murger, laughing. "You know the story of Epaminondas, who stayed in bed while his clothes were being mended—that's my case. I have only one pair of trousers, and the porter has taken them to the tailor's next door for reinforcement—so I must wait for them in bed!"

"Have you had your breakfast?"

"Yes, indeed; yesterday."

"Then we will eat together, and talk the matter over."

Murger shook his head. "I haven't a sou," he said.

"Never mind, be my guest." With these words Barriere took a five-franc piece out of his pocket.

"By George, you're rich!" said Murger, with admiration. "Let me see it; those things are strangers to me. Well, ring for breakfast."

Barriere looked round for the bell, but could find none.

"We haven't such a thing," said Murger. "In this place you act according to tradition—take that brick and heave it downstairs. Pere Guerin knows the signal; he'll come right up."

Barriere did so, and the man appeared. Murger then got up and threw a havelock over his shoulders, and in half an hour the two writers were eating their breakfast of pork cutlets and cucumbers.—Youth's Companion.

House-Fly Lifting Power.

A house-fly, held by the wings and brought close to a match, lifted it up with its feet. To perform a proportionate feat, a man would have to lift a beam 26 feet long and 13 inches thick.

Wallachs in History.

The Wallachs have a large legendary literature, ballads of past history folk lore, fireside tales and songs. o this subject Lazar devotes one of the most interesting chapters in the book. He has not aimed at presenting anything like a complete record, but his specimens show what a wealth of material here awaits investigation and record before the encroachments of newer culture have destroyed this invaluable record of the life of an interesting folk. Material of this sort now stands upon a high plane. It is recognized that it is worthy of studious attention as preserving records of the life of a people such as are lacking to the aridity of chronicles and documents of history.

Old People in Law Suit.

The entire provincial court of Saragossa, Spain, transferred itself for a week to the village of Ateca to hear a trivial case of fraud because of the remarkable age of the persons concerned in it. All of the 11 defendants were between eighty-five and ninety-five years old, and 14 of the 22 witnesses were over ninety. One of the witnesses was one hundred and one years old.

Shingles From Tree Stumps.

The stumps of the great trees which have been cut in the Northwest are now being utilized for shingles. Ten thousand have been made from one stump.

Whales Dying Out.

The whales, including blue rorquals eighty feet long, are the giants of the modern world, but Ed Perrier of the Paris Natural History museum points out that several species will soon be lost. At least thirty companies of Norway are seeking whales on the African coasts, and the danger from English hunters is as great. The Paris academy has passed resolutions urging French and international protection.

As Ruth Saw It.

Of course little Ruth should have been able to answer more precisely when the teacher asked her to describe a frog. But she gave a description that at least is picturesque when she replied: "A frog, teacher, is a big green bug with warts all over it. And it keeps its mouth open all the time, and—and—and it's always sitting down behind and—and standing up in front."

Killing Off the Race.

From the Christian era till the present time, as statisticians and historians tell us, there have been less than two hundred and forty warless years. Up to the middle of the nineteenth century it was roughly computed that nearly seven billion men had died in battle since the beginning of recorded history, a number equal to almost five times the present estimated population of the globe.—Christian Herald.

DON'T LET WORMS KILL YOUR HOGS

90 PER CENT OF HOG DISEASES are due to worms. Pigs get worms very young. These are bad months for hogs and pigs Kill the worms—save feed that is common sense. Better still, prevent worms, ward off disease.

ACME WORM BOUNCER

REMOVES THE CAUSE and expells worms already formed, regulates the bowels, improves condition, adds profit. A scientific combination of roots, seeds, barks and worm expellers. Is fed in Self Feeders, furnished free by the Company. The pigs and hogs like the WORM BOUNCER, eat it without being mixed with other feed, and they eat from the Self Feeder just what the system requires. Costs 5 to 6 cents per month per pig. ACME WORM BOUNCER will rid your horses, hogs and sheep of blood-sucking, intestinal and stomach worms and they will feed better and save you a lot of 80c corn. We will feed your stock 60 days ACME WORM BOUNCER and stop your losses from worms or no pay.

Manufactured by ACME MANUFACTUING COMPANY, Wheaton, Ill.,

For sale by Frank J. Hunt, Antioch, F. G Lucas & Son Wadsworth, A. K. Bain & Co., Millbourn, Robt Hook, Gurnee.

C. G. FOLTZ

1857-COMPANY-1914

BURLINGTON, WISCONSIN

57TH ANNIVERSARY

WE wish to celebrate our Anniversary with everybody. Instead of selecting a few specials for this time, we throw open our entire stock.

Beginning Saturday, Nov. 7 and continuing through Saturday Nov. 14

On every cash purchase we will give double cash register checks or will discount your bill.

During these special days will be a good time for you to call and look over the following lines

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Winter Coats. Furs of all kinds. Dress Goods and Silks	Men's and Boy's Overcoats and Suits. Men's Bradley Sweaters for all. Magnificent Line of Underwear.
Beautiful line of display goods. Rugs and carpets. Lace Curtains, Shades and Fixtures. Blankets and Comforters.	SPECIAL--$5.00 for the most wonderful and best vacuum carpet cleaner ever brought out.

You need no introduction to our method of doing business. We buy the best and highest grade of merchandise on every line we sell, and we sell all merchandise on the very closest margin. This is just about the right time for you to do your Fall Buying. Let us supply your wants. Remember the Dollar Cash Register Checks or Discount we offer you from Nov. 7th to Nov 14th

C. G. FOLTZ CO.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Elgin Butter Report

ELGIN, ILL. Nov., 2--The Committee declared butter at 32.

Underwear of all kinds at Webb's. adv

A complete stock of stoves at Hunt's.

Used stoves of all kinds at Lenore's.

Seed corn dryers at Hunt's adv

Mackinaws for boys and men at Webb's. adv

"Safety First" Electric Lanterns at Hunt's. adv

Fred and Oscar Bower of Chetek, are visiting friends here this week.

Stewart Cleworth of Chicago was a guest at the Ziegler home Sunday.

Geo. Hockney and wife are spending this week with their son at Milwaukee.

Clarence Ling of Chetek, was an over Sunday visitor at the home of S. J. Straghan.

Wanted--A correspondent at Millburn for the Antioch News. Communicate with this office.

There will be German Lutheran services at the Christian Church on next Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Mrs. Andrew Lynch and Edward has returned after a two weeks visit with friends at Fond du Lac, Wis.

Quite a number of the young people from this village attended the dance at Silverlake last Friday evening.

Noyember 18, is the date of the parcel sale given under the auspices of the Antioch Hillside cemetery society.

The Roval Neighbors will give a card party in the Woodman hall, Tuesday evening Nov. 10. Everybody come and have a good. Tickets 10 cents.

The Epworth League will give a social in the basement of the church Tuesday evening, Nov. 10. All are invited.

The W. F. M. S. will hold its next regular meeting Tuesday evening, Nov. 10, at 7:30 o'clock in M. E. church of this place. Margaret Felter, Pres.

To the farmer bringing in the best three ears of corn grown this year, we will give away free one dozen sections of our seed corn dryer. F. J. Hunt

Next Friday and Saturday we will give a pound can of Marco baking powder absolutely free to every customer whose purchase of Marco products amounts to $1.00.

Wanted-We have a client who wishes to procure $2300 and who will give as security a first mortgage on a two story brick building valued at $7000 for five years at 6 per cent. Anyone in position to take up this proposition please call at this office for particulars.

The boys sure did have some time Hallowe'en judging from the looks of Main street Sunday morning O, well harmless pranks hurt no one and most of us can remember the time when we did those same things ourselves, but real honest now, boys do you think it was exactly on the square to damage people's property and do things that caused a money loss to someone. Hallowe'en is as good a time as any to practice "Do unto others as you would that they should do unto you."

"Dad, Here's to You

We happened in a home the other night and over the parlor door saw the legend work in letter of red, "What is Home without a Mother." Across the room was another brief, "God Bless Our Home."

Now, what's the matter with "God Bless Our Dad?" He gets up early, lights the fire, boils an egg and wipes off the dew of the dawn with his boots, while many a mother is sleeping. He makes the weekly handout for the butcher, the grocer, the milkman and the baker and his little pile is badly worn before he has been home an hour. If there is a noise during the night, Dad is kicked in the back and made go down stairs to find the burglar and kill him.

Mother darns the socks, but Dad bought the socks in the first place, and the needles and yarn afterward. Mother does up the fruit—well Dad bought it all, and the jars and sugar cost like the mischief. Dad buys the chickens for the Sunday dinner, carves them himself and draws the neck from the ruins after everyone else is served. "What is Home without a Mother," yes, that is right, but what is home without a Father? Ten chances to one it is a boarding house—Father is under a slab and the landlay is the widow. Dad, here's to you; you've got your faults—you may have lots of 'em—but you're all right and we'll miss you when you're gone.

Boys heavy work shoes at Webb's.

Paints and oils of all kind at Hunt's.

Anything in sweater coats at Webb's

See the indoor clothes line at Hunt's.

Heating stoves from $2 up, at Lenore's. adv

Hay and grain at Hunt's. adv

Jos. Barnstable of Chetek is visiting relatives here.

For Rent—Automatic vacuum cleaner at 50 cents a day. O. R. Cubbon.

For Sale—Lot on Victoria street 90x 185. Price $225 for quick sale. See Ted Lenore.

N. Wilbur of Maplehurst, Wis., spent several days this week at the Lynch home here.

Mrs. Chase Webb and Mrs. Maude Sabin are spending a few days this week at Union Grove.

On account of waiting for election returns we are obliged to be one day late with our publication this week.

John Drury and wife left Wednesday for a few weeks visit with their daughter, Mrs. Chas. Holmes at Nebraska.

I am preared to give violin lessons at my photo studio over Hillebrand's store and will be pleased to have you call upon me there at any time. Ed Meyers.

Lost—Between Clayton Wertz and Wilmot, a black plush robe, with black and red floral design. Finner please leave at this office and receive reward.

Mrs. Tracey Davis returned home on last Friday after an eight weeks stay at Wesley hospital. Although far from fully recovered she is getting along very nicely.

Paul Fairman, a citizen of our village has written and published a popular song entitled: "Anything That Looks Like Money" Copies are now on sale at Lenore's Music Store. Call there and hear it.

Dr. Barber, Optician and Optometrist is in Antioch every two weeks at the residence of H. J. Barber. His next date is Thursday, Oct. 12. Office hours from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. If you are troubled with nervousness or headach see Dr. Barber next Thursday.

A letter received here Wednesday morning from Mrs. L. M. Cribb, who is visiting at Winona, Minn., states that on her brother's farm the strawberry vines are covered with blossoms, and ripe and green berries, in large numbers, and to prove her statements she sent to this office a box of lucious fruit picked on Tuesday. How is that for the third day of November in a place much farther north than we are.

Auction Sales

The undersigned will sell at Public Auction on the Old Tecker farm, on the Fox Lake road, 2 miles south-west of Antioch, on

Friday, November 6

Commencing at 1 p. m. sharp the following property, to-wit:

One-half of 60 acres of corn in shock.

Usual terms:

Geo. Vogel; Auctioneer.

Ira Soule, Prop.

I will sell at Public Auction on my farm, situated 5 miles north-west of Russell, 5 miles south of Bristol and 2 miles north-east of Pikeville, on

Tuesday, November 10

Commencing at 10:00 a m. sharp the following property, to-wit:

24 head of cattle—4 fresh cows with calves by side, 12 close springers, 2 2-year-old heifers, springing, 2 yearling bulls, full blooded Holstein bull 2 years old. 6 head of horses—black horse 8 years old, wt 1400; gray horse 12 years old, wt 1400; iron mare 3 yrs old, wt 1300; sorrel mare 3 years, wt 1300; yearling colt, sucking colt, 6 fat hogs.

Farm Produces—20 acres good corn in shocks, 20 tons of tame hay in barn, 5 tons of slough hay in barn, 200 bu oats, 25 bu barley.

Wagons, Harness, etc.—silo wagon, 4-inch tire wagon, hay rack, 2-inch tire wagon with box, milk wagon, gravel bed, single buggy, surrey, set bob sleighs, heavy set work harness, back pad harness, buggy harness.

Farm Machinery—McCormick grain binder, new, McCormick corn binder, Deering mower 6 foot cut, new, clod crusher, sulkey plow, 3 walking plows, 3 sulkey cultivators, McCormick hay rake, 3 harrowers, disc, manure spreader, grain seeder, feed cutter, fanning mill, corn planter, buz saw, 8 8-gallon milk cans, cladron kettle, tank heater and many other articles to numerous to mention.

Lunch at noon.

Usual terms

John Rompesky, Prop.

Col. E. H. Christensen, Auctioneer.

L. P. Delvin, Clerk.

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

All advertisments inserted under this head at the following rates: Five lines or less, 25 cents for first insertion. 15 cents for each subsequent insertion. More than five lines, 5 cents a line for first insertion, and 3 cents a line for additional insertions.

WANTED — A cottage on Lake Catherine or Channel lake, Cottage must be good size and if there is not barn on lot there must be room for building one. Anyone having such property for sale pleases notify this office.

FOR SALE—Large bay mare, weight 1400, age 14 years. Oetting Farm. Channel Lake. 4w

SALE SALE-One of the best 100 acre farms in Lake Villa town. Good buildings, water, fruit and berries and land first class. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—An 8-Room furnished cottage, 5 rooms finished, at Beach Grove. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—A 8 room house and 4 acres of land in village of Antioch, will be sold cheap if take at once. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—120 acre farm, 2 miles east of town, good buildings, silo, 10 room house, toilet and bath, running water. Jas. Salat, Antioch, phone 3007.

FOR SALE—A seven acre chicken farm. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE--A two story and basement brick building in the village of Antioch, also what is commonly known as the Blair place at Channel. For particulars call on Mrs. Bruckner, Antioch.

FOR SALE—About 20 thoroughbred White Lighorns roosters, 75c a piece. Louis Ruschewski, east side Deep Lake Lake Villa. 2w

Cards of Thanks

We wish to thank the friends and neighbors for the many acts of kindness shown us in our sorrow, also for the beautiful floral offerings.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brogar.

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors for their kindness to our father in his illness, and especially do we wish to thank the old soldiers for their many acts of kindness to their departed comrade.

Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt Stanton.

Artificial 'Change Panics.

Bismarck was of opinion that Louis Philippe used dellberately to cause panics on the stock exchange so as to swell his hoards of money. "Bohlen," records Busch in his diary on January 26, 1871, "remarked that Napoleon III had saved at least 50,000,000f during the 19 years of his reign. 'Others say 80,000,000f,' added Bismarck, 'but I doubt it. Louis Philippe spoiled the business. He had riots arranged, and then bought stocks on the Amsterdam exchange until at last business men saw through it.' Hatzfeldt then observed that this resourceful monarch used to fall ill from time to time with a similar object."

She Was Not Worrying.

Old Husband—"What was he doing the other night—that young masher? He seemed to be edging up pretty close to you." Young Wife—"I don't know—I never worry about other people's business."—Life.

Maxim That Holds True.

"He dines not that eats alone" was a maxim which never fell upon dishonor. That we should notice similarity rather than differences, as we look backward, is but natural. The craving for well-cooked food is wholesomely human, and if the palate grows more delicate as the appetite becomes less gross the change is not peculiar to this country or that. As in poetry, so in food, the love of simplicity is the proof of a golden, if primitive, age.

Good Artificial Light

is essential to health and comfort. None compare with

Electric Light

Is your house wired for it? If not we can interest you in the subjet.

Public Service Co.

of Northern Illinois

Live Stock Men

don't be helpless when you have a sick cow

horse or pig. Take advantage of the result of Dr. Roberts' life work. Animal ailments are the same everywhere. Dr. Roberts has encountered all forms of animal diseases and ailments in his 25 years' practice and worked out treatments for most cases. You can have these same treatments. They are the same as he uses on his own blooded stock. These prescriptions have been used by Dr. Roberts when called hundreds and thousands of miles to treat valuable blooded animals. If you wish special information concerning your herd or any animal, you can get

Absolutely Free Veterinary Advice

on all ailments of Cattle, Horses, Hogs, Sheep and Poultry

Your request will be answered personally by Dr. Roberts and held strictly confidential. This is a privilege you surely cannot fail to appreciate. Don't hesitate—write Dr. David Roberts, Waukesha, Wis., mention our name, send 2-cent stamp for reply, and get the advice of the nation's highest authority on Live Stock Ailments.

WE FILL HIS PRESCRIPTIONS

KING'S DRUG STORE

ANTIOCH. ILL. TEL. 202

DON'T ALWAYS THINK OF THE PAST

Christmas will soon be here and you should be thinking of the "present". It should be a useful present. I have half a car load of rocking chairs, dressers, children's chairs of all kinds, children's vehicles, etc., coming in this week that I would like to have you see. If there is anything you want that I haven't got let me order it without one cent of expense to you until you have seen the goods and are satisfied. Thats fair isn't it?

I have beds, springs, mattress, cots and dining chairs at prices lower than you will pay elsewhere for the same class of goods. I also have a fine display of Kimball pianos, Columbia talking machines, records and music always on hand. Pick out what you want and if you don't want to pay cash, make a small payment, pay a little each week, and you will have your present paid for by Xmas and won't miss the money.

Come in and look around. You are assured courteous treatment whether you buy or not.

TED LENORE

Phone 393 Antioch, Ill.

SMOKE

"EL RECTOR"

CLEAR HAVANA CIGAR

2201-2203 W. 12th St., Chicago, Ill. PHIL C. NIEMAN, Maker

Phone Canal 4478

Easy Terms—Cash Prices

A new way to buy a watch

You will be interested in our new club plan as it enables you to buy a high grade South Bend Watch in a beautifully engraved gold case on easy payments at the rock bottom cash price.

No long prices—you buy this watch at absolutely the lowest cash price.

You get the watch upon making the first payments and its a watch that you will be proud of.

The South Bend Watch which we are offering on this club plan is backed by our personal guarantee as well as an iron-clad guarantee by the manufacturers.

Our new club plan of selling makes this offer possible.

We can make this offer for a limited time only.

Take advantage of it now—come in and let us tell you the full particulars of this remarkable offer.

The Acid test of Watch accuracy —keeping accurate time frozen in solid ice.

Read this description of

"South Bend"—No. 217

Design—Bridge model of the latest design.

Plates—Genuine nickel—not brass plated nickel as in many makes—insuring an even expansion and contraction in changes of temperature.

17 jewels—Selected ruby and sapphire jewels and not so easy to chip or break as the garnet jewels generally used.

Escapement—Double roller—this overcomes all danger of over banking which would stop the watch.

Steel escape wheels—Harder than the brass commonly used.

Balance wheels—Compensating automatically adjusts itself to changes in temperature, etc.

Hair spring—Breuget—the very best made.

Adjustments—Temperature, Isochronism and three positions. Very closely rated under each of these adjustments.

Finish—Very highly and beautifully finished throughout. Gold lettering.

WM. KEULMAN

Jeweler—Antioch, Ill.

The Happy Home.

Don't be afraid of a little fun at home. Don't shut your house lest the sun should fade your carpets, and your hearts lest a hearty laugh shake down some of the musty old cobwebs there. If you want to ruin your children, let them think that all mirth and social enjoyment must be left on the threshold without when they come home at night. When once a house is regarded as only a place to eat, drink and sleep in, bad work is, indeed, begun.

Monsters of the Deep.

That there are terrible monsters in the deep there can be no doubt. One of these is the whale. It was only in 1908 that a whale devastated the fish traps off Port Towsend, Wash., because the fishermen had captured one of its young. A whaler recently put in port in Liverpool with the arm of an octopus 38 feet long. The arm had been taken from the mouth of a whale he had killed and had stuck in the huge animal's throat. The octopus is doubtless a more fearful animal than the sea serpent.

Had the Right Idea.

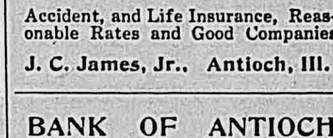
The tailor's sign in a little inland town was an apple—simply an apple. The people were amazed at it. They came in crowds to the tailor, asking him what on earth the meaning of the sign was. The tailor, with a complacent smile, replied: "If it hadn't been for an apple, where would the clothing business be today?"

INGALLS BROS.

WAUKEGAN

OPTOMETRISTS

Graduates of McCormick OPTICAL COLLEGE



EYES TESTED GLASSES FITTED

ARTIFICIAL EYES



J. C. James,

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

Real Estate

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several Good Companies

Accident, and Life Insurance, Reasonable Rates and Good Companies

J. C. James, Jr., Antioch, Ill.

BANK OF ANTIOCH

EDWARD BROOK

BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange and do a General Banking Business

J. C. JAMES,

UNDERTAKER

LICENSED EMBALMER

Licensed by the State Board of Health

Lotus Camp No. 557 M. W. A.

Meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting Neighbors always welcome

ED. GARRETT, V. C.

J. C. James, Clerk

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Brokers

Number 24 North Dearborn St.

Diamonds, Watches and all kinds of Jewelry at less than cost. At half the price you pay regular stores. Dec 19 01 yl

SEQUOIT LODGE No. 827, A. F. & A. M., hold regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.

FRANK HUBER, Sec'y ELMER BROOK, W. M.

The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.

Gertrude Brook, Sec'y IDA OSMOND, W. M.

L. G. STRANG

Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Directors

ANTIOCH, - - - ILLINOIS

Phone 311

Also Farmer's Line

RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS GIVEN QUICK RELIEF



Pain leaves almost as if by magic when you begin using "5-Drops," the famous old remedy for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia and kindred troubles. It goes right to the spot, stops the aches and pains and makes life worth living. Get a bottle of "5-Drops" today. A booklet with each bottle gives full directions for use. Don't delay. Demand "5-Drops." Don't accept anything else in place of it. Any druggist can supply you. If you live too far from a drug store send One Dollar to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Newark, Ohio, and a bottle of "5-Drops" will be sent prepaid.



The Hollow of Her Hand

by George Barr McCutcheon

COPYRIGHT, 1912, BY GEORGE BARR MCCUTCHEON : COPYRIGHT, 1912, BY DODD, MEAD & COMPANY



SYNOPSIS.

Charlie Wrandall is found murdered in a road house near New York. Mrs. Wrandall is summoned from the city and identifies the body. A young woman who accompanied Wrandall to the inn and subsequently disappeared, is suspected. Mrs. Wrandall starts back for New York in an auto during a blinding snow storm. On the way she meets a young woman in the road who proves to be the woman who killed Wrandall. Feeling that the girl had done her a service in shielding her of the man who though she lived him cruelly, had caused her great sorrow, Mrs. Wrandall determines to shield her and takes her to her own home. Mrs. Wrandall hears the story of Hetty Castleton's life, except that portion that relates to Wrandall. This and the story of the tragedy she forbids the girl ever to tell. She offers Hetty a home. Scandalized and severely frowned upon because of the tragedy, Sara Wrandall and Hetty return to New York after an absence of a year in Europe. Leslie Wrandall, brother of Charlie, becomes greatly interested in Hetty. Sara sees in Leslie's infatuation possibility for revenge on the Wrandall family for the wrongs she suffered at the hands of Charlie Wrandall by marrying his worthless son into the family. Leslie, in company with his friend Brandon Booth, an artist, visits Sara at her country place. Leslie confesses to Sara that he is madly in love with Hetty. Sara arranges with Booth to paint a picture of Hetty. Booth has a haunting feeling that he has seen Hetty before. Looking through a portfolio of sketches by an unknown English artist he finds one of Hetty. He speaks to her about it. Hetty declares it must be a picture of Betty Glynn, an English actress, who resembles her very much. Much to the chagrin of Leslie is refused by Hetty. Booth and Hetty confess their love for each other but the latter declares that she can never marry as there is an insurmountable barrier in the way. Hetty admits to Sara that she loves Booth. Sara declares that Hetty must marry Leslie, who must be made to pay his brother's debt to society. Hetty again attempts to tell the real story of the tragedy and Sara threatens to strangle her if she says a word. Sara insults Hetty by revealing that at this time she has believed Hetty to have sinned in her relations with Charlie Wrandall. Later she realizes that Hetty is innocent. Leslie again proposes to Hetty and is rejected. Hetty prepares to leave Sara, declaring that after what has happened she can remain no longer.

CHAPTER XIII—Continued.

Leslie did not turn up at his father's place in the High street that night until Booth was safely out of the way. He spent a dismal evening at the boat club.

His father and mother were in the library when he came home at half-past ten. From a dark corner of the garden he had witnessed Booth's early departure. Vivian had gone down to the gate in the low-lying hedge with her visitor. She came in a moment after Leslie's entrance.

"Hello, Les," she said, bending an inquiring eye upon him. "Isn't this early for you?"

Her brother was standing near the fireplace.

"There's a heavy dew falling, Mater," he said gruffly. "Shan't I touch a match to the kindling?"

His mother came over to him quickly, and laid her hand on his arm.

"Your coat is damp," she said anxiously. "Yes, light the fire."

"It's very warm in this room," said Mr. Wrandall, looking up from his book. They were always doing something for Leslie's comfort.

No one seemed to notice him. Leslie knelt and struck a match.

"Well?" said Vivian.

"Well what?" he demanded without looking up.

His sister took a moment for thought. "Is Hetty coming to stay with us in July?"

He stood erect, first rubbing his knee to dislodge the dust—then his palms.

"No, she isn't coming," he said. He drew a very long breath—the first in several hours—and then expelled it vocally. "She has refused to marry me."

Mr. Wrandall turned a leaf in his book; it sounded like the crack of doom, so still had the room become.

Vivian had the forethought to push a chair toward her mother. It was a most timely act on her part, for Mrs. Wrandall sat down very abruptly and very limply.

"She — what?" gasped Leslie's mother.

"Turned me down—cold," said Leslie briefly.

Mr. Wrandall laid his book on the table without thinking to put the bookmark in place. Then he arose and removed his glasses, fumbling for the case.

"She—she—what?" he demanded.

"Backed me," replied his son.

"Please do not jest with me, Leslie," said his mother, trying to smile.

"He isn't joking, mother," said Vivian, with a shrug of her fine shoulders.

"He—he mustn't be," cried Mrs. Wrandall impatiently. "What did she really say, Leslie?"

"The only thing I remember was 'goodby,'" said he, and then blew his nose violently.

"Poor old Les!" said Vivian, with real feeling.

"It was Sara Gooch's doing!" exclaimed Mrs. Wrandall, getting her breath at last.

"Nonsense," said Mr. Wrandall, picking up his book once more and turning to the place where the bookmark lay, after which he proceeded to re-read four or five pages before discovering his error.

No one spoke for a matter of five minutes or more. Then Mrs. Wrandall got up, went over to the library table and closed with a snap the bulky blue book with the limp leather cover, saying as she held it up to let him see that it was the privately printed history of the Murgatroyd family:

"It came by post this evening from London. She is merely a fourth cousin, my son."

He looked up with a gleam of interest in his eye.

CHAPTER XIV.

Crossing the Channel.

Booth, restless with a vague uneasiness that had come over him during the night, keeping him awake until nearly dawn, was hard put during the early hours of the forenoon to find occupation for his interest until a reasonable time arrived for appearing at Southlook. He was unable to account for this feeling of uncertainty and irritation.

At nine he set out to walk over to Southlook, realizing that he should have to spend an hour in profitless gossip with the lodge keeper before presenting himself at the villa, but somehow relishing the thought that even so he would be nearer to Hetty than if he remained in his own dooryard.

Half-way there we was overtaken by Sara's big French machine returning from the village. The car came to a standstill as he stepped aside to let it pass, and Sara herself leaned over and cordially invited him to get in and ride home with her.

"What an early bird you are," he exclaimed as he took his seat beside her.

She was not in a mood for airy persiflage, as he soon discovered.

"Miss Castleton has gone up to town, Mr. Booth," she said rather listlessly. "I have just taken her to the station. She caught the eight-thirty."

He was at once solicitous. "No bad news, I hope?" There was no thought in his mind that her absence was other than temporary.

"She is not coming back, Brandon." She had not addressed him as Brandon before.

He stared. "You—you mean—" The words died on his lips.

"She is not coming back," she repeated.

An accusing gleam leaped into his eyes.

"What has happened, Mrs. Wrandall?" he asked.

She was quick to perceive the change in his voice and manner.

"She prefers to live apart from me. That is all."

"When was this decision reached?"

"But yesterday. Soon after she came in from her walk with you."

"Do—do you mean to imply that that had anything to do with her leaving your home?" he demanded, with a flush on his cheek.

She met his look without flinching. "It was the beginning."

"You—you criticised her? You took her to task—"

"I notified her that she was to marry Leslie Wrandall if she marries anyone at all," she said in a perfectly level tone.

"Good Lord, Mrs. Wrandall!"

"But she is not going to marry Leslie."

"I know it—I knew it yesterday," he cried triumphantly. "She loves me, Sara. Didn't she say as much to you?"

"Yes, Brandon, she loves you. But she will not be your wife."

"What is all this mystery? Why can't she be my wife? What is there to prevent?"

She regarded him with dark, inscrutable eyes. Many seconds passed before she spoke.



"She—What?" Gasped Leslie's Mother.

"Would you want her for your wife if you knew she had belonged to another man?"

He turned very cold. The palms of his hands were wet, as with ice-water. Something dark seemed to flit before his eyes.

"I will not believe that of her," he said, shaking his head with an air of finality.

"That is not an answer to my question."

"Yes, I would still want her," he declared steadily.

"I merely meant to put you to the harshest test," she said, and there was relief in her voice. "She is a good girl, she is pure. I asked my question because until yesterday I had reason to doubt her."

"Good heavens, how could you doubt those honest, guiltless eyes of—"

She shook her head sadly. "To answer you I would have to reveal the secret that makes it impossible for her to become your wife, and that I cannot, will not do."

"Is it fair to me?"

"Perhaps not, but it is fair to her, and that is why I must remain silent."

"Before God, I shall know the truth—from her, if not from you—and—"

"If you love her, if you will be kind to her, you will let her go her way in peace."

He was struck by the somewhat sinister earnestness of her words.

"Tell me where I may find her," he said, setting his jaw.

"It will not be difficult for you to find her," she said, frowning. "If you insist on pursuing her."

"You drive her away from your house, Sara Wrandall, and yet you expect me to believe that your motives are friendly. Why should I accept your word as final?"

"I did not drive her away, nor did I ask her to stay."

He stared hard at her.

"Good Lord, what is the meaning of all this?" he cried in perplexity. "What am I to understand?"

The car had come to a stop under the porte cochere. She laid her hand on his arm.

"If you will come in with me, Brandon, I will try to make things clear to you."

He left in half an hour, walking rapidly down the drive, his coat buttoned closely, although the morning was hot and breathless. He held in his hand a small scrap of paper on which was written: "If I loved you less, I would come to you now and lie to you. If you love me, Brandon, you will let me go my way. It is the only course. Sara is my friend, and she is yours. Be guided by her, and believe in my love for you. Hetty."

* * * * * * *

And now, as things go in fairy stories, we should prepare ourselves to see Hetty pass through a season in drudgery and hardship, with the ultimate quintessence of joy as the reward for her trials and tribulations. Happily, this is not a fairy tale. There are some things more fantastic than fairy tales, if they are not spoiled in the telling. Hetty did not go forth to encounter drudgery, disdain and obloquy. By no manner of means! She went with a well-filled purse, a definite purpose ahead and a determined factor behind.

In a manner befitting her station as the intimate friend of Mrs. Challis Wrandall, as the cousin of the Murgatroyds, as the daughter of Colonel Castleton of the Indian corps, as a person supposed to be possessed of independent means withal, she went, with none to question, none to cavil.

Sara had insisted on this, as much for her own sake as for Hetty's; she argued, and she had prevailed in the end. What would the world think, what would their acquaintances think, and above all what would the high and mighty Wrandalls think if she went with meek and lowly mien?

Why should they make it possible for anyone to look askance?

And so it was that she departed in state, with a dozen trunks and boxes; an obsequiously attended seat in the parlor car was hers; a telegram in her bag assured her that rooms were being reserved for herself and maid at the Ritz-Carlton; alongside it reposed a letter to Mr. Carroll, instructing him to provide her with sufficient funds to carry out the plan agreed upon; and in the seat behind sat the lady's maid who had served her for a twelvemonth and more.

The timely demise of the venerable Lord Murgatroyd afforded the most natural excuse for her trip to England. The old nobleman gave up the ghost, allowing for difference in time, at the very moment when Mrs. Redmond Wrandall was undoing a certain package from London, which turned out to be a complete history of what his forbears had done in the way of propagation since the fourteenth century.

Hetty did not find it easy to accommodate her pride to the plan which was to give her a fresh and rather imposing start in the world. She was to have a full year in which to determine whether she should accept toil and poverty as her lot, or emulate the symbolic example of Dicky, the canary bird. At the end of the year, unless she did as Dicky had done, her source of supplies would be automatically cut off and she would be entirely dependent upon her own wits and resources. In the interim she was a probationary person of leisure. It had required hours of persuasion on the part of Sara Wrandall to bring her into line with these arrangements.

"But I am able and willing to work for my living," had been Hetty's stubborn retort to all the arguments brought to bear upon her.

"Then let me put it in another light. It is vital to me, of course, that you should keep up the show of affluence for a while at least. I think I have made that clear to you. But here is another side to the matter; the question of recompense."

"Recompense?" cried Hetty sharply.

"Without your knowing it, I have virtually held you a prisoner all these months condemned in my own judgment if not in the sight of the law. I have taken the law into myself. You were not convicted of murder in this unlarian court of mine, but of another sin. For fifteen months you have been living under the shadow of a crime you did not commit. I was reserving complete punishment for you in the shape of an ignoble marriage, which was to have served two bitter ends. Well, I had the truth from you. I believe you to be absolutely innocent of the charge I held over you, for which I condemned you without a hearing. Then, why should I not employ my own means of making restitution?"

"You have condescended to believe in me. That is all I ask."

"True, that is all you ask. But is it altogether the fair way out of it? To illustrate: our criminal laws are less kind to the innocent than to the guilty. Our law courts find a man guilty and he is sent to prison. Later on, he is found to be innocent—absolutely innocent. What does the state do in the premises? It issues a formal pardon—a mockery, pure and simple—and the man is set free. It all comes to a curt, belated apology for an error on the part of justice. No substantial recompense is offered. He is merely pardoned for something he didn't do. The state, which has wronged him, condescends to pardon him! Think of it! It is the same as if a man knocked another down and then said, before he removed his foot from the victim's neck: 'I pardon you freely.' My father was opposed to the system we have—that all countries have—of pardoning men who have been unjustly condemned. The innocent victim is pardoned in the same manner as the guilty one who comes in for clemency. I accept my father's contention that an innocent man should not be shamed and humiliated by a pardon. The court which tried him should reopen the case and honorably acquit him of the crime. Then the state should pay to this innocent man, dollar for dollar, all that he might have earned during his term of imprisonment, with an additional amount for the suffering he has endured. Not long ago in an adjoining state a man, who had served seventeen years of a life sentence for murder, was found to be wholly innocent. What happened? A pardon was handed to him and he walked out of prison, broken in spirit, health and purse. His small fortune had been wiped out in the futile effort to prove his innocence. He gave up seventeen years of his life and then was pardoned for the sacrifice. He should have been paid for every day spent in prison. That was the very least they could have done."

"I see now what you mean," mused Hetty. "I have never thought of it in that way before."

"Well, it comes to this in our case, Hetty: I have tried you all over again in my own little court and I have acquitted you of the charge I had against you. I do not offer you a silly pardon. You must allow me to have my way in this matter, to choose my own means of compensating you for—"

"You saved my life," protested Hetty, shaking her head obstinately.

"My dear, I appreciate the fact that you are English," said Sara, with a weary smile, "but won't you please see the point?"

Then Hetty smiled too, and the way was easier after that for Sara. She gained her quixotic point, and Hetty went away from Southlook feeling that no woman in all the world was so bewildering as Sara Wrandall.

When she sailed for England, two days later, the newspapers announced that the beautiful and attractive Miss Castleton was returning to her native land on account of the death of Lord Murgatroyd, and would spend the year on the continent, where probably she would be joined later on by Mrs. Wrandall, whose period of mourning and distress had been softened by the constant and loyal friendship of "this exquisite Englishwoman."

Four hundred miles out at sea she was overtaken by wireless messages from three persons.

Brandon Booth's message said: "I am sailing tomorrow on a faster ship than yours. You will find me waiting for you on the landing stage." Her heart gave a leap to dizzy heights, and, try as she would, she could not crush it back to the depths in which it had dwelt for days.

The second bit of pale green paper contained a cry from a most unexpected source: "Cable your London address. S. refuses to give it to me. I think I understand the situation. We want to make amends for what you have had to put up with during the year. She has shown her true nature at last." It was signed "Leslie."

From Sara came these cryptic words: "For each year of famine there will come seven years of plenty."

All the way across the Atlantic she lived in a state of subdued excitement. Conflicting emotions absorbed her waking hours but her dreams were all of one complexion: rosy and warm and full of a joyousness that distressed her vastly when she recalled them to mind in the early morning hours. During the day she intermittently hoped and feared that he would be on the landing stage. In any event, she was bound to find unhappiness. If he were there her joy would be short-lived and blighting; if he were not there, her disappointment would be equally hard to bear.

He was there. She saw him from the deck of the tender as they edged up to the landing. His tall figure loomed in the front rank against the rail that held back the crowd; his sun-bronzed face wore a look of eager expectancy; from her obscured position in the shadow of the deck building, purposely chosen for reasons only too obvious, she could even detect the alert, swift-moving scrutiny that he fastened upon the crowd.

Later on, he stood looking down into her serious blue eyes; her hands were lying limp in his. His own eyes were dark with earnestness, with the restraint that had fastened itself upon him. Behind her stood the respectful but immeasurably awed maid, who could not, for the life of her, understand how a man could be on both sides of the Atlantic at one and the same time.

"Thank the Lord, Hetty, say I, for the five-day boats," he was saying.

"You should not have come, Brandon," she cried softly, and the look of misery in her eyes was tinged with a glow she could not suppress. "It only makes everything harder for me. I—I— Oh, I wish you had not come!"

"But isn't it wonderful?" he cried. "That I should be here and waiting for you! It is almost inconceivable. And you were in the act of running away from me, too. Oh, I have that much of the tale from Sara, so don't look so hurt about it."

"I am so sorry you came," she repeated, her lip trembling.

Noting her emotion, he gave her hands a fierce, encouraging pressure and immediately released them.

"Come," he said gently; "I have booked for London. Everything is arranged. I shall see to your luggage. Let me put you in the carriage first."

As she sat in the railway carriage, waiting for him to return, she tried in a hundred ways to devise a means of escape, and yet she had never loved him so much as now. Her heart was sore, her desolation never so complete as now.

He came back at last and took his seat beside her in the compartment, fanning himself with his hat. The maid very discreetly stared out of the window at the hurrying throng of travelers on the platform.

"How I love you, Hetty—how I adore you!" Booth whispered passionately.

"Oh, Brandon!"

"And I don't mean to give you up," he added, his lean jaw setting hard.

"You must—oh, you must," she cried miserably. "I mean it, Brandon—"

"What are your plans?" asked he.

"Please don't ask me," she pleaded. "You must give it up, Brandon. Let me go my own way."

"Not until I have the whole story from you. You see, I am not easily thwarted, once I set my heart on a thing. I gathered this much from Sara: the object is not insurmountable."

"She—said—that?"

"In effect, yes," he qualified.

"What did she tell you?" demanded Hetty, laying her hand on his arm.

"I will confess she didn't reveal the secret that you consider a barrier, but she went so far as to say that it was very dark and dreadful," he said lightly. They were speaking in very low tones. "When I pinned her down to it, she added that it did not in any sense bear upon your honor. But there is time enough to talk about this later on. For the present let's not discuss the past. I know enough of your history from your own lips as well as what little I could get out of Sara, to feel sure that you are in a way, drifting. I intend to look after you, at least until you find yourself. Your sudden break with Sara has been explained to me. Leslie Wrandall is at the back of it. Sara told me that she tried to force you to marry him. I think you did quite right in going away as you did, but, on the other hand, was it quite fair to me?"



He Stood Looking Down Into Her Serious Blue Eyes.

"Yes, it was most fair," she said, compressing her lips.

He frowned.

"We can't possibly be of the same opinion," he said seriously.

"You wouldn't say that if you knew everything."

"How long do you intend to stay in London?"

"I don't know. When does this train arrive there?"

"At four o'clock, I think. Will you go to an hotel or to friends?" He put the question very delicately.

She smiled faintly. "You mean the Murgatroyds?"

"Your father is here, I am informed. And you must have other friends or relatives who—"

"I shall go to a small hotel I know near Trafalgar square," she interrupted quietly. "You must not come there to see me, Brandon."

"I shall expect you to dine with me at—say Prince's this evening," was his response to this.

She shook her head and then turned to look out of the window. He sat back in his seat and for many miles, with deep perplexity in his eyes, studied her half-averted face. The old uneasiness returned. Was this obstacle, after all, so great that it could not be overcome?

They lunched together, but were singularly reserved all through the meal. A plan was growing in her brain, a cruel but effective plan that made her despise herself and yet contained the only means of escape from an even more cruel situation.

He drove with her from the station to the small hotel off Trafalgar square. There were no rooms to be had. It was the week of Ascot and the city was still crowded with people who awaited only the royal sign to break the fetters that bound them to London. Somewhat perturbed, she allowed him to escort her to several hotels of a like character. Failing in each case, she was in despair. At last she plucked up the courage to say to him, not without constraint and embarrassment:

"I think, Brandon, if you were to allow me to apply alone to one of these places I could get in without much trouble."

"Good Lord!" he gasped, going very red with dismay. "What a fool I—"

"I'll try the Savoy," she said quickly, and then laughed at him. His face was the picture of distress.

"I shall come for you tonight at eight," he said, stopping the taxi at once. "Goodby till then."

He got out and gave directions to the chauffeur. Then he did a very strange thing. He hailed another taxi and, climbing in, started off in the wake of the two women. From a point of vantage near the corridor leading to the "American bar," he saw Hetty sign her slips and move off toward the left. Whereupon, seeing that she was quite out of the way, he approached the manager's office and asked for accommodations.

"Nothing left, sir,"

"Not a thing?"

"Everything has been taken for weeks, sir. I'm sorry."

"Sorry, too. I had hoped you might have something left for a friend who expects to stop here—a Miss Castleton."

"Miss Castleton has just applied. We could not give her anything."

"Eh?"

"Fortunately we could let her have rooms until eight this evening. We were more than pleased to offer them to her for a few hours, although they are reserved for parties coming down from Liverpool tonight."

Booth tried the Cecil and got a most undesirable room. Calling up the Savoy on the telephone, he got her room. The maid answered. She informed him that Miss Castleton had just that instant gone out and would not return before seven o'clock.

"I suppose she will not remove her trunks from the station until she finds a permanent place to lodge," he inquired. "Can I be of any service?"

"I think not, sir. She left no word, sir."

He hung up the receiver and straightway dashed over to the Savoy, hoping to catch her before she left the hotel. Just inside the door he came to an abrupt stop. She was at the news and ticket booth in the lobby, closely engaged in conversation with the clerk. Presently the latter took up the telephone, and after a brief conversation with some one at the other end, turned to Hetty and nodded his head. Whereupon she nodded her own adorable head and began the search for her purse. Booth edged around to an obscure spot and saw her pay for and receive something in return.

"By Jove!" he said to himself amazed.

She passed near him, without seeing him, and went out into the court. He watched her turn into the Strand.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Purpose Doubtful.

"I'm puzzled about this custom of eating to music."

"How's that?"

"I can't understand whether the food is intended to keep your mind off the music or the music is intended to keep your mind off the food."—Musician.

L. DOUGLAS



U CAN SAVE MONEY BY ARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

ears W. L. Douglas has guaranteed the having his name and the retail price on the sole before the shoes leave the fac- protects the wearer against high prices or shoes of other makes. W. L. Douglas always worth what you pay for them. If see how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are the high grade leathers used, you would then why they look better, fit better, hold their wear longer than other makes for the price. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your ler direct from factory. Shoes sent every- ostage free in the U. S. Write for Illus- tatalog showing how to order by mail. DOUGLAS, 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Makes Him Worth More.

It is just plain "horse sense" to keep up the spirit and nerve of your es during the winter when they spend most of their time in the stable.

Pratts Animal Regulator

s it and enables you to stable your horses in fine condition without ing. Whets the appetite. Tones digestion. Builds up flesh. Gives durance. Keeps wind good—coat sleek and glossy.

Try Pratts at our risk—satisfaction guaranteed or money back. 25-lb. pail only $3.00; also in packages from 50c. up.

40,000 Dealers sell Pratts.

RATT FOOD COMPANY Philadelphia, Chicago, Toronto

Naturally.

hat does her husband do when ks him to foot her bills?"

ks about it."

difficult for some people to sensible thoughts.

LSTEIN CATTLE



next 30 days I will offer for sale 200 head of high- Holstein heifers running in age from 1 to 3 years number of them springing bag to freshen now, arked and in good condition. They will run 15-16 Holstein and are bred to registered bulls. also offer 100 head of fully developed, heavy g cows, part of them fresh and balance due to n soon. Also have 25 head of registered and rade bulls of no relation to the above cows or I will have a few choice heifer and bull o offer in the near future that are 15-16 and Holstein, at $15.00 each. First draft takes them. Write me your wants.

JAMES DORSEY, DEPT. W. N., KANE COUNTY, ILLINOIS

RFINA OINTMENT

Wonderfully Effective in Scalp Troubles

Have you dandruff? Itching, scaly scalp? Hair falling? Your scalp and hair are just crying for the healing, toning, soothing, antisep- influence of Harfina Ointment. It brings healthy condition absolutely and purely—and promotes hair growth. Also the world's great ment for skin troubles of all kinds—eczema, ples, eruptions, boils, sores, wounds, bites, nema and inflammation of all kinds, herever located; also for piles, tender, irritated , chilblains, chafing and soreness of babies. Gives instant relief in most cases. 25c at drug- ists or direct on receipt of price and dealer's name. Philo Hay Specialties Co., Newark, N.J.

Big Florida Land Sale

Black, rich soil in De Soto Co., but must be sold to raise money, will sell in 10, 20 and 40 acre tracts. WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

D. W. WALTER, Arcadia, Florida

BEST Holiday Proposition in the country. Easy sell- ers. No competition. Everybody buys. Cat- alog and particulars free. Write today, Crane- Watson Mfg. Co., 150 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

Come to Montana Good climate. Good time. Good crops. Have good ranch for sale cheap. Address John C. Rosser, Augusta, Mont.

For Sale 40 acres land, ¼ mile from good town, $16 per acre, also 160 acres, 7 miles from town, $8 per acre. Terms. Albert Straus, Adams, Wis.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 45–1914.

Parliament "Palace."

It is said that the new home of Australia's national parliament at the federal capital city of Canberra will be a "palace." Provisions is being made in the new building for accommodating 300 members in the house of representatives, and 150 in the senate. The fact that women have the vote in Australia, and are eligible for election to the federal parliament, has not been overlooked. The means of access to the chambers are to be so designed that all members may be able to respond to a call on three minutes' notice. Public accommodation will include reading rooms, studies, and correspondence rooms. So that members may obtain recreation, 14,000 square feet of space is being devoted to billiard and other rooms. For the official reporting of the doings of the parliament, about twenty rooms will be set apart. The building is to cost $5,000,000.

Diplomacy is the art of concealing our dislikes.

Boycott on Veal.

A country boy was leaving home to make a living, and probably a name for himself. His father and mother had given him some money and a great deal of advice. He had a situation in a distant city; and, as he had never taken kindly to farm work, it looked like a good opportunity for him.

"But there's one thing I wanter say ter ye," the old man said, as he handed the boy his luggage out of the wagon at the station, "and I want you to understand that I say it in all kindness. You are going into the world with pretty good prospects."

"Yes, father."

"And at the same time you're to move into the neighborhood of the wicked and ungodly, where your foot's liable to slip any minute."

"Yes, father."

"Wa-a-l, what I wanter say is just this: 'The farm's goin' to stay right here, where you can always turn to it; but times has been mighty hard lately, and the farm never was very productive."

"I know it, father."

"So you might as well understand that if you come back because you want to see the folks again, you'll get your wish, but if you come back lookin' for the fatted calf you'll be likely to get disappointed. So good-by, son."

Money for Christmas.

Selling guaranteed wear-proof hosiery to friends & neighbors. Big Xmas business. Wear-Proof Mills, 3200 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.—Adv.

Astronomy vs. Art.

Professor—Has anything ever been discoverd on Venus?

Student—No, sir, there has not, if the pictures are correct.—Judge.

A Reservation.

"Tell me, dearest—would you marry a spendthrift?"

"Surely—if he had the thrift."—Judge.

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids; No Smarting—Just Dro Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Appearances are often deceptive. Luxurious whiskers hide many an ugly mug.

Most Important "First Aid" in Case of Illness

A comfortable, warm room night and day makes it much easier to take care of a sick person. Especially if the heat is from a *portable* stove that you can carry wherever you wish—the NEW PERFECTION Heater that burns clean, convenient, economical oil, most satisfactory of fuels.

This little heater will keep the family comfortable all winter, whether they are sick or well.

Invaluable in early spring and fall when the regular fires are out.

Look for the Triangle for Warmth, Comfort and Good Cheer

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Burns 10 hours on one gallon of oil—can't smoke. No trouble to rewick. In the New Perfection wick and carrier are combined. Fresh wicks come ready to put in, trimmed, smooth and ready to light. For best results use Perfection Oil.

Your dealer has the NEW PERFECTION Oil Heater on exhibition. He will be glad to show you the different models. Send us your name on a postal and we will forward you the NEW PERFECTION Book.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (AN INDIANA CORPORATION) **Chicago, Ill.**

(249)

TO FEED BELGIANS

ROCKEFELLER'S VAST FORTUNE WILL BE USED AS CHECK ON STARVATION.

RELIEF SHIP IS NOW LOADED

Commission Will Go to Europe From United States to Learn Best Way to Extend Assistance to Starving Noncombatants.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Rockefeller Foundation has determined to employ its immense resources for the relief of noncombatants in the countries afflicted by the war and stands ready to give "millions of dollars if necessary" for the purpose. This was announced by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., president of the foundation.

Th pursuance of this philanthropy the foundation will send a commission to Europe in a few days to report first hand as to how, when and where aid can be rendered most effectively. At a cost of $275,000 it already has chartered a ship and loaded it with 4,000 tons of provisions for the relief of the starving Belgians.

"This action is taken," Mr. Rockefeller says, "as a natural step in fulfilling the chartered purposes of the foundation, namely, 'to promote the well being of mankind throughout the world.'"

The ship is the Massapequa, the largest neutral vessel now in New York harbor, and it will sail Tuesday morning direct for Rotterdam with a certification from the British consul at New York that its cargo is destined for the use of Belgain noncombatants only and should not be delayed in transit. The supplies are consigned to the American consul at Rotterdam and will be distributed by the Belgian relief commission.

Mr. Rockefeller has been in communication with Ambassador Page at London and made public a cablegram in which the ambassador describes the dire need of the Belgians and says that "it will require a million dollars a month for seven or eight months to prevent starvation."

"In fact," the ambassador said, "many will starve now before food can reach them." He added that the British government forbids the export of food and that none can be bought on the continent.

Mr. Rockefeller makes clear in his announcement that whatever steps are taken by the foundation in the administration of its relief work will be "absolutely neutral." The commission of investigation will be headed by Wickliffe Rose, director-general of the international health commission and will visit the several countries affected by the war. The announcement in part follows:

"It having become clear that one of the most terrible and appalling effects of the war will fall upon the noncombatants—those most innocent of any part in the cause or the conduct of the conflict — the Rockefeller Foundation has determined to exert itself to the extent, if necessary, of millions of dollars for the relief of noncombatants in the various countries involved.

"The cargo will consist of:

"Twenty-eight thousand five hundred barrels of flour.

"Fourteen thousand packets (100 pounds each) of rice.

"Three thousand bags (200 pounds each) of beans.

"One thousand boxes (100 pounds each) of bacon."

TURKS WRECK U. S. PROPERTY

American Interests Suffer When Odessa Is Shelled—Washington Asks for Particulars.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The state department has received a cablegram from the American consul at Odessa stating that that city has been bombarded and that American property has been destroyed there.

The administration, through Acting Secretary of State Lansing, cabled to Charge d'Affaires Wilson at Petrograd, asking a complete report of the damage inflicted on American property at Odessa during the bombardment of the town by Turkish warships Wednesday.

BOER WAR IS BROKEN

Invasion of Cape Province Stopped by Colonel Brits—General Beyers in Flight.

Cape Town, South Africa, Oct. 31.—Colonel Brits, who took the field against the rebellious Boers, reports that the invasion of Cape Province has finally been broken. The combined Boer and German forces at South Drift on the Orange river were defeated. General Beyers is reported to have fled after his command was scattered. Colonel Brits is returning to the Transvaal.

18 Hurt in Rail Wreck.

Huntington, W. Va., Oct. 30.—Eighteen persons were hurt, five seriously, when the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad train No. 1, a flyer bound from Richmond and Washington to Chicago, left the track and jumped into the ditch.

Admiral Winslow's Body Arrives.

New York, Oct. 30.—Two bodies were brought to port on the liner Carothia. The bodies were those of Admiral Hubert Winslow, who died in Florence, and Mrs. M. A. Spencer Miller, who died in Naples.

NEW CRISIS IN MEXICO

U. S. EXPECTS ATTACK ON GENERAL FUNSTON'S FORCES.

Both Carranza and Villa Leaders Demand U. S. Withdraw Troops Troops From Vera Cruz.

Washington, Nov. 3.—The war department finds itself facing a new crisis in Mexico. Word conveyed to this department within the last twenty-four hours reveals an acute situation that may demand an immediate re-enforcement of troops under the command of General Funston at Vera Cruz.

The leaders of the Villa and Carranza forces who are fighting for supremacy in the Aguas Calientes convention are insisting that United States soldiers be withdrawn from Mexico. They are getting irritated over the stern supervision of Mexican affairs undertaken by this government.

An official of the war department admitted secretly to the International News service correspondent that with neither Villa nor Carranza willing to assure the United States that its citizens will be protected and the Aguas Calientes convention ignoring the matter, a juncture has arisen that may lead to serious trouble.

The United States will not withdraw its troops unless a sufficient guaranty of protection is given by the Mexican leaders or by the convention which is to decide their supremacy. If the Mexicans, as now seems likely, maintain their stubborn attitude, a clash of the two governments is anticipated within a week's time.

The truth is, as given to the correspondent, that an attack upon Funston is expected most any day. If it comes the government will hurry enough troops to make a stout resistance.

Funston himself has reported to the war department that there is always danger that he may be attacked.

NEWS FROM FAR AND NEAR

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 29.—While four sisters stood chatting an automobile plowed through the group. Agnes Brown died of a fractured skull. Two of her sisters were hurt. Horace Newsom is charged with manslaughter.

Washington, Oct. 29.—With her propeller torn loose by a heavy sea, the torpedo boat Jouett limped into the Portsmouth (Va.) navy-yards. The grounding of the Paulding in Lynnhaven roads also was reported.

Joliet, Ill., Oct. 29.—Pedestrians scattered in terror when 35 armed guards pursued two escaped convicts down the principal streets of Joliet, firing a fusillade of shots after them. The men were captured.

Johnstown, Pa., Oct. 29.—Arriving here on his speaking tour, Theodore Roosevelt was presented with a birthday cake having 56 candles, presented by the colonel's party from McKeesport.

QUARANTINE ON AT CHICAGO

Government Stops Shipment of Cattle Out of Stockyards for Ten Days.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—The Union stockyards of Chicago were quarantined by the department of agriculture in order to facilitate the work of the government in stamping out foot and mouth disease, which has recently made its appearance in Indiana and Michigan. The quarantine will stop the shipments of cattle out of Chicago for ten days. It will not prevent the receipt of cattle by the Chicago packing plants, or the killing, dressing, or shipment of dressed meats. It will simply hold up for a time the function of the stockyards as a clearing house for stocking dairies, ranches, and feeding farms of the middle west. No cases of foot and mouth disease have been discovered in the Chicago yards, and the action of the department of agriculture was taken as a precautionary measure.

Kills Three Children and Self.

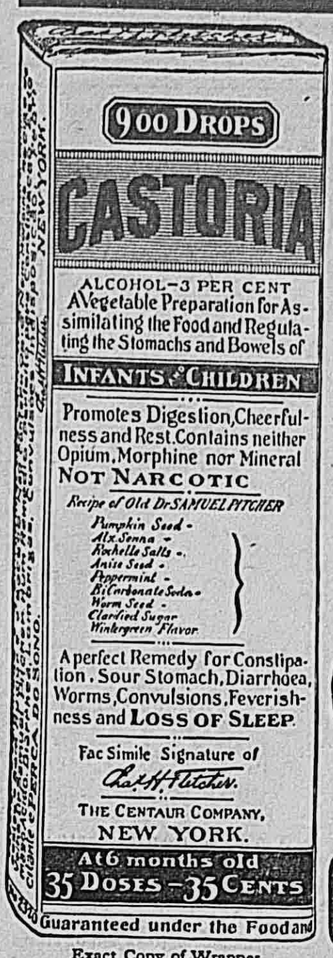
Galesburg, Ill., Oct. 30.—W. M. Stromberg, a manufacturer of confectionery, during a fit of temporary insanity or while under the influence of liquor, early Wednesday shot and killed his three children, painfully wounded his wife and then killed himself. The shooting was the result of a quarrel in the middle of the night when Stromberg demanded more bed clothes, saying he was cold.

Bishop Smith Dies.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Bishop Charles W. Smith of St. Louis, Mo., a widely known Methodist Episcopal clergyman, died suddenly from heart trouble at the home of Justice Thomas H. Anderson.

Director of Mint Resigns.

New York, Oct. 31.—George E. Roberts, who, as reported in dispatches from Washington, tendered his resignation as director of the United States mint, is to join the official staff of the National City bank of New York. The plan for his taking a place of importance with the bank was virtually completed when President Vanderlip was taken sick. Mr. Vanderlip's illness has delayed final arrangement of the matter. It is said here that despite this delay Mr. Roberts will join the staff of the National City bank.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

RELICS TO BE PRESERVED

Mexican Authorities Make Discoveries of Parts of Bodies of Maximilian and His Generals.

The heart of Gen. Tomas Mejia and fragments of the bodies of Emperor Maximilian and General Miramon, all of whom were executed together on the Cerro de las Campas, just outside the city of Quertaro, when Maximilian surrendered there to the forces of President Juarez, were found recently in a search which was made by the constitutionalist authorities of the library of the house of Luis Garcia pimentel, in Calle de Donceles, No. 68.

The house of Garcia Pimentel is at present occupied by General Davila Sanchez. When the constitutionalist authorities were going through the library of this residence, taking an inventory of what they found there, they came upon the grewsome relics, which were carefully preserved.

The heart of Mejia and the portions of the body of the emperor and his other trusted general had been kept, it is said, by Doctor Liceaga, who performed the autopsy upon the bodies after their execution, and acquired from him by Garcia Pimentel as relics. They probably will be donated to a museum, it is said, by the authorities.—Mexican Herald.

ITCHING BURNING ECZEMA

R. F. D. No. 3, Caldwell, Ohio.—"When our baby was about two months old she broke out over her body, face and head with eczema. It was bad, about as thick as it could be. It broke out in a kind of pimples. They were red and sore. She was very cross and restless. The eczema would itch and burn till she couldn't sleep. It looked very badly and would peel off where the places were. Her clothes would irritate the eruption.

"We gave her medicine, but it didn't do any good. We had heard about Cuticura Soap and Ointment so we sent for a sample and it was not very long till she was better. I bought some more Cuticura Soap and Ointment which cured her completely." (Signed) H. E. Smith, Mar. 21, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Saw Women Harvest.

Miss Anna Morgan, Miss Elizabeth Marbury and Miss Elsie De Wolfe went in their automobiles into those parts of France where the women were taking in the grain, as they had been asked to do by the minister of agriculture. Miss Morgan said it was wonderful to see the way in which the women of France responded to the call for their help.

Never blow your own horn in public—unless you are a musician.

Distinguished Political Career.

Elbridge Gerry Lapham, who represented New York in the United States senate in the early '80's, was born in the town of Farmingham, N. Y., 100 years ago. In early life he followed the profession of a civil engineer. Later he studied law and in 1844 was admitted to the bar. He was a member of the constitutional convention of New York in 1867; a representative in congress from 1875 until 1881, in which latter year he was elected to the United States senate to take the place of Roscoe Conkling, who had resigned. Senator Lapham was a Republican in politics. He died at Canandaigua Lake, N. Y., in 1890.

The people who indulges in honeyed phrases seldom have any fear of eating their own words.

Talk is cheap, yet some people have a mania for trying to monopolize it.

A Home-Made Poison

Uric acid, unknown in the days of a simple, natural, out-of-door life, is a modern poison created inside the human body by a combination of meat-eating, overwork, worry and lack of rest. Backache or irregular urination is the first protest of weak kidneys. When the kidneys fail behind in filtering out the excess uric acid, there is danger of gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills strengthen weak kidneys, but if the diet is reduced, excesses stopped, and fresh air, exercise and sleep increased, the medicine acts more quickly. Doan's Kidney Pills have a world wide reputation as a reliable kidney tonic.

An Illinois Case



R. J. Henderson, 514 State St., East St. Louis, Ill., says: "My kidneys were weakened by hard work and overlifting. My back got so weak and painful at times that I couldn't step from the sidewalk to the street. Mornings I felt sore and stiff and had a tired, languid feeling. The kidney secretions were scanty and far too frequent in passage. I used different remedies, but got no benefit until I took Doan's Kidney Pills. They fixed me up all right and whenever I have taken them since I have had fine results."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.



Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

To the Woman Who Realizes She Needs Help

You are nervous. You have "crying spells." You are dejected. You don't sleep well. You have backache. You have lost ambition for your work. You are beginning to *feel* old and *look* old.

These symptoms, more than likely, are produced by some weakness, derangement or irregularity peculiar to the feminine organism.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

(In Tablet or Liquid Form)

will aid you in regaining youthful health and strength—just as it has been doing for over forty years for women who have been in the same condition of health you now find yourself. It soothes and invigorates. It upbuilds and uplifts.

Your medicine dealer will supply you in tablet or liquid form, or send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Easy to take.

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

LAKE VILLA

Mrs. James Leonard is quite ill.

Miss Vera Talbott is visiting friends in Wisconsin.

C. W. Hamilton and wife are visiting their son in Chicago.

Paul Avery and wife took an auto trip to Chicago this week.

The Ladie's Aid society met Wednesday with its secretary Mrs. J. Mitchell.

A. M. Douglas and family drove to Woodstock Sunday returning with a friend for a few days visit.

A Hallowe'en social was held in the church basement last Saturday evening and a good time was had.

A cement walk is being laid from R. D. Manzer's to L. Faber's, which much improves that side of the street.

H. P. Miller and wife and Mrs. Charlotte Cribb visited with Waukegan relatives from Wednesday to Sunday.

The Commercial Club had one of its enjoyable card parties last Friday evening, to which the ladies were invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Poulton entertained a few friends at their home last Friday evening in honor of their second wedding anniversary.

John Phillippi returned the first of the week from his vacation spent at his home in Wisconsin. Are congratulations in order, John?

Work is being rushed on the state road and several teams are busy hauling the gravel. We hope to have it completed before freezing weather.

A home coming day will be observed next Sunday at the M. E. church. Services will be held at eleven o'clock, then a picnic dinner will be served in the basement, followed by an afternoon of music and sociability. You are cordially invited.

SILVER LAKE

Margaret Rhebe was home Sunday.

Hallowe'en was well remembered here.

Mrs. L. Prosser was a Burlington visitor Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Hanneman was a visitor here Monday.

Mrs. Bauman of Powers Lake visited here Monday.

Frank David of Burlington called here Friday.

Mrs. Chas. Schulz and Claude were here Saturday.

J. Dixon and wife of Union Grove visited here Saturday.

Geo. Dean and wife of Bassett spent Sunday at Bert Dean's.

J. C. Dalton transacted business in Kenosha Wednesday

Chas. Dean and wife of Wilmot spent Sunday with relatives here.

Will Allen and wife of N braska, visited old friends here over Sunday.

A. Runyard, wife and baby of Trevor, Mrs. Geo. Selby, Mrs. Clara Selby and Flora Selby autoed to Brighton Sunday

SALEM

M. Acker and wife spent Saturday at Power Lake.

A. W. Burdick and wife entertained company Sunday.

Miss Sarah Madden of Kenosha visited relatives here this week.

H. Mutter and wife and Ella Haas autoed to Elkhorn Saturday.

T. Smith and daughter entertained company from Wheatland Sunday.

The Virginia Warblers were greeted with a full house Saturday night.

Mrs. Upson and Pauline Thomas of Woodworth; E. Jones, and wife of South Bristol attended the basket social.

The basket social held at the Paddock's school house Friday night was a success and over twenty five dollars was taken for an organ for the school.

Rested After His Run.

After a wild run in South Boston, in which the animal tore down about twenty feet of a wooden fence, smashed down a section of brick wall, broke a few windows in a schoolhouse, snapped off short a lamp post and crashed through a wooden gate, incidentally damaging the sides of two buildings, not to mention injuring the three men who were on the wagon, a horse attached to a brewery wagon wedged himself in a narrow alleyway and when found was munching contentedly such grass as he could reach from his position.

WILMOT

Wedding bells will soon be ringing

Fred Murphy of Bristol called here Sunday.

Tom Loftus spent Monday in. Milwaukee.

Miss Lelah Kennedy spent Sunday at Beloit, Wis.

Ben Nett was a Chicago passenger Wednesday.

R. C. Shotliff was in Milwaukee on business Monday.

Grace Carey had dental work done in Burlington Friday.

Mr. Wright and family were Kenosha shoppers Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Winchel were out of town visitors Friday.

Chas. Luke of Kenosha called here one day last week.

Miss Hazel Hazelman left Friday for a week's visit in Madison.

Geo. Faulkner and wife visited Sunday at Frank Thompson's.

Dr. Becker of Silverlake called here the first of the week.

A number from here attended the society at Mrs. Scott's Friday.

Myrtle Susebach entertained company from out of town Friday.

Mr, and Mrs. Brownell of Milwaukee called on friends here Sunday.

Chester Montgomery from the North is visiting relatives and friends here.

A number from here attended the play at Grayslake Saturday night.

Mrs. Shales and daughter left Friday for a visit with relatives in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Loftus returned Saturday after several weeks visit at Grayslake.

Mr. Cassidy left Saturday for Chicago for a visit with his sister, who is quite poorly.

A large crowd from around here attended the speech given by Mr. Cooper Friday evening.

Mrs. Lampe of Kenosha returned home Monday after a few days visit at the Moran home.

Mr. and Mrs. Higgins, Mrs George Faulkner and Fred Schreck attended the funeral of Maggie Schreck at Libertyville Friday.

Miss Grace Carey entertained the young people of the Wilmot card club last Thursday evening. All had a very enjoyable time.

TREVOR

Miss Elsie Scott spent Saturday in Burlington.

Dr. Becker of Silverlake was here Thursday.

Miss Patrick spent Tuesday with friends in Wilmot.

Miss Anna Kavanaugh is visiting her parents in Chicago.

Geo. Faulkner and wife of Wilmot called on relatives here Friday.

Fred Shreck attended the funeral of a neice at Libertyville on Tuesday.

Mrs. Hanson of Chicago spent Tuesday and Wednesday with Mrs. Taylor.

Mrs. Boulton left last week to spend the winter with her daughter in Racine.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. Mecklenberg is under the doctor's care.

Quite a number went to Wilmot Friday evening to hear Senator Cooper speak.

Miss Birdella Drom of Chicago spent over Sunday with the Drom family here

Leonard Schmidcamp and friend visited relatives in Burlington Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor visited Sunday at Lyons, Wis.

A pleasing program was given at school Friday afternoon. The teachers as well as the scholars deserve much praise.

On last Monday the Liberty Sunday School children sent by Parcel Post twenty-eight pounds of books, papers and cards to a missionary in the Philippine Islands to be distributed among children there at Christmas time.

Could Be Arranged.

A young woman with a party of Americans going through the parks and gardens of Warwick castle, England, lingered behind to admire the gorgeous peacock. "Do those birds ever drop any of their tail feathers?" she asked of a gardener who stood by. He looked around, lowered his voice, and replied: "They're hobstinate beasts, miss, but they drops 'em heasy at the sight of a shillin'."

RUSSELL

Geo. Wilson was a Chicago visitor over Sunday.

Mrs. Willby is slowly recovering from a sprained ankle.

Mr. Waters of Milwaukee visited at the Kelly home over Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Melville entertained the Ladies Aid society Thursday.

The Ladies' Aid society will give a chicken pie dinner this month. Watch for date.

Russell people are entertained Monday evening by a moving picture show in Kelly's Hall.

The Hallowe'en program given by the Sunday School children Saturday night was a success and a large crowd attended. Preperations for a Christmas entertainment is being planned.

HICKORY

Pauline Pullen spent Tuesday with Shirley Hollenbeck.

Mrs. Pickles is visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. Tillotson at Pikeville.

Mrs. Lulu Chinn and son Richard spent Friday at A. T. Savage's.

Miss Smith of Ward's Corners spent Sunday at O. L. Hollenbeck's.

Gordon Wells and Irene Savage visited Sunday at Ernest Wells of Millburn.

Mrs Gerbit and children of Rochester, Wis., visited over Sunday at T. Petersen's.

There will be a box social at the Hickory church Tuesday evening, Nov. 10. Everyone invited to come, and bring lunch for two. D. B. Webb, auctioneer.

BRISTOL

Alex Smith was a Kenosha visitor last Tu sday.

C. T. Curtis and wife spent last Sunday in Kenosha.

Mrs. Turner entertainsd a few of her friends last Saturday.

Alfred Peterson has moved his family into the Worth cottage.

Several from here attended the Dairy show in Chicago last week.

Miss Edith Murdock spent over Sunday with her brother in Kenosha.

Mrs. Woodbury and family spent last Saturday with relatives at Alden, Ill.

Mrs. Moore and children of Harvard, spent last Saturday with her mother here.

ENDING OF THE GOLDEN DAY

World's Sorry Recompense to Youth That Has Given It All Its Best and Noblest.

Youth came into the market place half dazed by the dazzling brilliance of the sun, but with strong hands and a ready spirit. Youth found a master, and was happy even when surcharged with labor and meagerly rewarded and denied sunshine. Youth gave largely of service and of loyalty—for of these things Youth was prodigal, being richer in them than in dollars. Years rolled by, and Youth was less quick, and showed the pallor of working indoors for small recompense. Then one day the master reflected and said to himself: "Which of my handmaids has less to give me in the time to come? For I must keep in my house only those whose backs are strong and feet eager and hands subtle." And she whose name had been Youth passed languidly, and the master marked her without speech that she no longer sang softly at her work as once, and he reflected: "A few years and she will be of much less value to me, and I shall be paying her as much as her labor is worth to me—which would be no bargain. Better dismiss her today than tomorrow." And he called to her and said: "My plans are altered, Youth, and I no longer need you here. Take two weeks, look about you, and be sure that I shall give you a letter of recommendation saying that I have found you a fairly faithful servant in such matters as you understand." And tears came into Youth's eyes knowing that she was Youth no longer, but an empty vessel.—Collier's Weekly.

Confidential Veterinary ADVICE FREE To Our Customers

from Dr. David Roberts of Waukesha, Wis.

We have arranged with this National live-stock authority that by sending 2-cent stamp for reply, and mentioning our name, you can get free advice that will enable you to

Treat Your Own Live Stock

Write him about all ailments of your cattle, horses, hogs, sheep and poultry.

We fill his prescription

KING'S DRUG STORE

Antioch, Ill. Tel. 202

FABLE DEALING WITH ADVICE

Will Be Interesting Alike to Those Who Offer and Those Who Seek Guidance.

Once, on a day when many problems rose up and encompassed me about as high walls my friend came to me with admonition in his eyes and advice on his tongue.

And, because of the love that was between us, I hearkened unto the words of my friend and did as he advised. But his advice brought me no good thing. Nay, rather it led me deeper into my prison of questionings. And when I saw that my troubles were multiplied upon me I sought out my friend again to ask him why this should be. And I said:

"Lo! All that thou badest me do I have done, yet am I not released from my difficulty—rather is trouble multiplied upon me!"

And my friend lost patience with me and laughed me to scorn and said:

"If thou knewest that what I said would bring thee to no good end, why wast thou obedient to my voice? I advised for thy good—but thy life I cannot make for thee."

And at first I was wroth with my friend, but later, when I had lain still a long time with my thought, I was thankful unto him.

For I said, "Henceforth I will not ask advice only of my own mind, and the soul within me shall be a counseler."

And when I had sought the advice of my mind and taken counsel with mine own soul, I saw a path between the walls and knew where my feet should tread. And by that path I began to climb from my prison.

Then came other friends with advice on their tongues and cried unto me.

"Not this way! Not this way!"

But I hearkened not unto them, for I felt that I was destined to be mine own deliverer. And at last there came a day when the walls of my prison lay below me and when I could smile upon my friends and say.

"Lo, it was the right path!"

But my friends only smiled back at me with right good will and said:

"You have had good luck. We are glad."—Marguerite Wilkinson.

Material for Hash.

Sir George Warrender, who was once obliged to put off a dinner party in consequence of the death of a relative, and sat down to a haunch of venison by himself, said to the butler while eating: "John, this will make capital hash tomorrow." "Yes, Sir George," replied the servant, "if you leave off now."

QUAKER SPEECH NOW RARE

Gentleness in Some Measure Seems to Have Decreased Through Its Abandonment.

At a Friends' meeting in Philadelphia several speakers expressed regret that the distinctive Quaker speech, known as the "plain language," was going so rapidly out of use. It was asserted that the gentleness that distinguished it made it especially desirable and effective and that the influence of Friends was in a measure decreased by its abandonment.

Doubtless this view is correct. The Quaker speech, now so rarely heard, was always much liked by people not members of the sect because it was associated with calmness and serenity of manner. Probably this serenity was a quality not dependent on the language used, but was a matter of temperament and habit, but it seemed an essential accompaniment of the gentle "thee and thou" and other peculiar forms of address. As used, this Quaker speech was not strictly grammatical—"thee is," for example, being open to objection if anyone ever thought of it in a critical way. Nevertheless, "thee is" had its charm.

The passing of the Quaker costume was also spoken of with some regret, yet those who lamented its disappearance were not insistent on its readoption. Apparently they saw no especial connection between the plain garb and the plain language, yet there undoubtedly is one.

The speech is expected from wearers of the distinctive costume—the straight, severe gowns and the close-fitting bonnets, and loses its effectiveness when it comes from the lips of a woman arrayed in fashionable attire. The change in dress was urged by the young generation of Quakers on the plea that the old fashions set them apart from their neighbors and were a hindrance. Perhaps they did not mean to give up the quaint speech also, but its disuse was inevitable. It does not belong with worldly dress. —Indianapolis Star.

Earth's Diameter.

What is the greatest diameter of the earth? "At the equator," is the common answer; this is not strictly true, for the actual diameter is modified by conditions on the surface. According to the eminent Professor Henkey, the greatest diameter is that taken from the summit of Mount Chimborazo, in Ecuador, 20,136 feet above sea level. The line drawn about the earth from this point emerges on the opposite side on a high point on the coast of Sumatra, giving a diameter of 7,929 miles.

DIVIDED INTO TWO CLASSES

World May Be Said to Be Made Up of Those That Dream and Those That Sleep.

On a suburban trolley car we met a pleasant-faced butcher who ascribed his success in life to the fact that he sleeps soundly all the time he is abed, except sometimes for the first three minutes. Successful men in this world might be divided into two sorts—the dreamers and the sleepers. The success of a nation depends indeed upon the right proportion being maintained between these two classes in the community; if the sleepers achieve too complete a dominance, that nation becomes Boeotian in its stolidity and conservatism—prosperous, perhaps, in the things men buy and sell, but without leadership or initiative or beauty. If, on the other hand, your nation runs to dreamers—and even your plodding clerks and butchers dream o' nights instead of sleeping all but the first three minutes—then, as the old-fashioned almanacs used to say, look out for storms, revolutions, upheavals in art and letters, the invention of new forms of depravity, excess in everything except the durable satisfactions of life. It is a curious business, this matter of dreaming. If we dreamers succeed we owe it to "superior imagination." If we ignobly fail we are visionaries and unpractical idealists and well meaning theorists. The child is a dreamer; as we grow older and approach more closely the beasts of the fields or the king in his counting room, counting out his money, the farther we get from childhood and from dreams. And yet if is only the imbecile or the hardened criminal that does not dream at all—and this is not an editorial theory either, but science out of a book.—Collier's Weekly.

Save the Dog.

The Oregon state board of health bulletin says wisely with reference to mad dogs, "never kil. the animal that bit you, save it with the greatest care," for the condition that dog develops is of the greatest consequence to the person bitten. If the dog is killed, the negri bodies, which are of importance in the diagnosis, may not be developed and no one will ever know whether the dog was or was not rabid. But if the dog is saved he will himself within a week or ten days show whether or not be is rabid. If he proves himself clear of rabies the man bitten need give the matter no further consideration from that side, and if it prove that he be rabid, there is still plenty of time for the man to take the proper remedies. If a dog bites you, save the dog.

Farm Land In the Corn Belt

The Land of Clover. **The Land of Clover.**

We challenge the world to show us another district with finer buildings, more attractive homes and well keep fields.

We have the largest country creamery in the world. One million pounds of butter annually

CORN. POTATOES. CLOVER.

Our Pasture and Fields Are Ever Green.

POTATOES YEILD FROM 200 TO 300 BUSHELS PER ACRE. SEE THE BIG ONES.

TWO CROPS. CLOVER TWO CROPS.

Cuts three tons per acre. Second crop seed worth 40 dollars per acre.

We are growing thousand of acres of peas, sweet corn and cucumbers. Visit our mommoth canning Factories.

RAINFALL SURE. NO FAILURERS

Our spring lakes are numerous and fishing and hunting is unsurpassed.

We can sell you a farm of any size desired with good improvements at prices ranging from $35.00 to $65.00 per acres.

NO QUACK GRASS NO THISTLES NO OBNOXIOUS WEEDS

Some of Our Fine Farm Bargains

We have a dandy good 80 acres at $4500.00 with a good house and large new barn, 40 acres cleared, balance parture and timber land, situated half way between Cameron and Chetek.

Also have a dandy 80 adjoining this one, 70 acres under plow, level as the floor, nearly all seeded to clover, fine set of buildings, ½ mile to school at a price of $6500.00. ½ cash.

111 acres, 5 miles from town, 70 acres cleared, balance fine pasture, small set of buildings, new corn silo, no stone, schoo l20 rods from fron door, cheese factory I mile. Splendid water. Terms—$2000.00 cash, balance in 5 years, 6 per cent. Price $4000.00.

120 acres, 80 acres under plow, 4 miles from town, school house on this farm, near good creamery and cheese factory, small set of buildings. A snap. $40.00 per acre. $3000.00 cash, balance easy terms.

80 acres, 50 acres under plow, fine level land at $55.00 per acre. $1000.00 cash handles this farm. Balance easy terms at 6 per cent.

80 acres level farm land, adjoining land valued at $125.00 per acre can be bought for $50.00 per acre. Fine soil and on good road, rural route and telphone line. 20 acres of this farm is in fine clover field and most of the balance is easy to put under plow. Terms, ½ cash. Balance 5 years at 6 per cent.

80 acres heavy clay soil, 2 mile from town. Good house, large basement barn, windmill and silo. 60 acres under plow. This is a dandy improved farm. Price $7000.00.

We have one of the prettiest and best farms in the state of Wis. Barn 90x42, good house, granery and large silo. 280 acres, $47.50 per acre. 160 acres under plow. Land level and splendid quality.

For Further Particulars call

At the News Office

Call and See Photos